

## **August 1, 1951**

# **Those Accused of King Abdullah's Assassination in Jerusalem**

### **Citation:**

"Those Accused of King Abdullah's Assassination in Jerusalem", August 1, 1951, Wilson Center Digital Archive, Emir Farid Chehab Collection, GB165-0384, Box 11, File 18/11, Middle East Centre Archive, St Antony's College, Oxford.  
<https://wilson-center-digital-archive.dvincitest.com/document/176076>

### **Summary:**

Information on those accused of King Abdullah's assassination in Jerusalem

### **Credits:**

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### **Original Language:**

Arabic

### **Contents:**

Original Scan  
Translation - English

اردن

٥٩

بيروت: نبي ١٧١/٥٥

الموضوع: المتاحون في طبع الملة عبد الله بالقدس

على اثر ابتلاء النائب العام في القدس السيد وليد الصديق من التحقيق فيما اسند اليه بعض  
 محاصر حزب لا السبعين الفلطيني، ذهب يوم الأحد ٢٩/٧/٥٩ الى محامه وجرده  
 على رأسه الوزير المتبايع، فاستقرت معه الموافقة على الانخارج عنه ريب حرف  
 السبعين المذكور المحامي عبد الله نقواس لعدم ثبوت اذنته، ودار النائب العام  
 يوم الاثنين ٣٠ منه الى القدس ونفذت الانخارج عنه المذكور، ولم يشب  
 على اكله رجباً غير هذه التبايع فيما يتفق بالتمويه ٩

18/11

Beirut, 1/8/1951

Subject: Those accused of King Abdullah's assassination in Jerusalem

When the Attorney General in Jerusalem, Mr Walid Salah, wrapped up his investigation into the accusations levelled at the Palestinian Hizb al-Baath, he went to Amman on Sunday 29/7/1951 and submitted the outcome to the Prime Minister. As a result, the release of Hizb al-Baath's President, Mr Abdullah Na'was, from detention was approved for lack of evidence.

The Attorney General returned to Jerusalem on the 30th of the month, and acted upon the release order of the above-mentioned. So far nothing has been proven against the accused.