

# August 7, 1970

#### Untitled report on the candidacy of Suleiman Franjieh

#### **Citation:**

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#### Summary:

Suleiman Franjieh's centrist candidacy may buy time for Chamoun while Jumblatt attempts to arrange new contacts, among other political developments.

## **Credits:**

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## **Original Language:**

Arabic

## **Contents:**

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Original Scan 266/13-1

19V/N/IV

ان ترشيح كمان فرخية من مل الوح وتسه من شعون واده هو النبة الى محور اده - منعو د مناوره بارعة تؤدى الى احدى نتينى: الارك: يرفضة النهيم مضغط من اركانه السراي -رشيه معوض ومالا ، عيد الخورى وبشر العثمان باعتبار ان السيهمون رئا - ابر زعزا ولأم العلاظات متوثرة وسيتة للعاية مح كرامي وبالنالي امكرام سيمرم مردا - الحلومة لارتباطور بنه التديد بالام وبالنالى يعنل ترسيح مرجبة بعدام يعارضه الهذم وجنبلاط والكنائب الى لاتغرخ له الا اذ امن شبه اجماع ومقود الكرة سرجيد ال سنا ل شعون الذي يتسحب له فريبة رد الموقفة المؤير له مع اده منتحب الكتائب ويترب حدد مد النهجين فيفوز i asi والنائية إ مارحة كرامي اليوم إلى الموافقة على مرتبع قعاً هم يفرضه فترشيح خرنجية هو اذن من خيل المنادرة البارعة تشغل الهنه ى التفتيف عبه طريقة لردها وتدركها وتشفق حبيلاط ايضا بالصابرة عد ذ' ت شجه ما مة من من رفض الهم مرجيد ا نضم الورج مراحة الى الملف واجع مؤزمر في الحلف معنونا . اما رغ الهاج الآلير مهاد الا مر تحديد وفد تطويت جيع الاجهزة المدنية والعكرية لخدمته وتاييره ولكنه مرضي احتف من , and the about about the later of

Wilson Center Digital Archive

- 7 -

وهنان الذين مشرة بواب تهمييه لا يكم اله يصوتوا له ممنه عادل رسمير عديرام ، رضي شاهيم ، علي عرب ميتال المر م بشير العثمان وا تنيم من رضا قلم حام م عزيز و بيا ر طرعوم مضلا عدم عبد اللطيف ومجيد الزيم .

وهلذا بالرعم من اللبلة الى خلقها تريب مرجبة ما «المبادرة ماتذال بير المعارضة ،

الفرعاء على ارجائها الرموم المجعة القادم الزرم مد الوقت سعيامراء الفرعاء على ارجائها الرموم المجعة القادم الزرم مد الوقت سعيامراء النفاص ، مصرح من مخطات صرى حمادة للدجل تعطيل الجب اذا ما وحد الله المصلحة تقضى لإلك الاشترة الى عدر مد النواب المنفق معهم لاجل النتاجر و النفارب لقطيل الجلب منوق جها حمادة الى م اللول دصفة واحدة كذيل الله المصركال ليليول وورا بارز ابالرئاب وحم مؤسوم يميني ومفضلولا بيار اور يحولاده ورا بارز ابالرئاب نظر المنتعه دفا عدة ستعبة الرمار اور يحولاده ورا بارز ابالرئاب الما المنا خبر دالته رياب المرك ليب لاحذ الى م حميل حيا المنا جر والترك المرك ليب معدد المراب وحمي م معوم من ورا المرك المرك المرك المراب المراب م حميل حيا المنا جر التحريات المترة مع دورا مارز الم المرك م م حميل حيا السابر النبوعي والبيني اعلى ردة من سيئة بالنبة للماري اذ حمل الغرب واحركا خاصة تستعيت لربح الموكر 266/13 17/8/1970

The candidacy of Suleiman Franjieh by centrists and his adoption by Chamoun and Edde is, for the Edde-Chamoun axis, a brilliant manoeuvre designed to lead to one of these two outcomes:

The first: He is rejected due to pressure by leaders of the group comprising Rachid Karami, Rene Mou'awad, Kabalan Issa al-Khoury, and Bachir al-Othman, because they cannot accept that the presidency go to someone from Zghorta and because his relations with Rachid Karami are very bad and tense. This would also mean that Karami will not be given the premiership on account of Franjieh's close ties with Salam. Franjieh's candidacy will thus fail due to this group's opposition, as well as opposition from Jumblatt and the Kata'eb who would only support him if there is near unanimity in his favour; the ball will thus go back into Chamoun's court. Franjieh will then withdraw in deference to Chamoun and Edde who supported him, the Kata'eb and some elements from the two groups will also withdraw, a number from al-Nahj (Chehab's group) will filter out, and Chamoun will be the winner.

The second: Karami's haste today to agree on a compromise candidate that the Alliance would impose and that person would be either Pierre or Raymond Edde.

Franjieh's candidacy is therefore the subject of brilliant manoeuvring which will keep the group busy searching for a way to respond to and deal with it, and will keep Jumblatt also busy making contacts without reaching any worthwhile result. Therefore, when the group rejects Franjieh, the centre will openly join the alliance whose candidate would then be assured of victory.

It is certain that the al-Nahj's candidate is Elias Sarkis, and the civilian and military apparatus have volunteered to serve and support him; he is, however, too weak to pose a real threat to the opposition's candidate.

There are around ten deputies from the group who will never vote for him, such as 'Adel and Samih Osseiran; Rafiq Chahine; Ali 'Arab; Michel al-Mur; Bachir al-Othman and two of his companions, Jean 'Aziz and Pierre Pharaon; and Abdel-Latif and Majid al-Zein.

Thus, and in spite of all the gossip surrounding Franjieh's candidacy, the initiative is still in the hands of the opposition.

As for the session, it will be held on time except if the parties agree to postpone it until next Friday to have more time to reach an understanding. Among Sabri Hamadeh's pretexts for impeding the session, if ever, would be that it is in the general interest; he is referring here to his agreement with a number of deputies to create squabbles and disagreements in order to thwart the session, which would then allow Hamadeh to postpone it, all in one go, until 13 September. The Americans are also playing an important role in the battle for the presidency; they support a candidate from the right and prefer Pierre or Raymond Edde, though they prefer the latter because of his popular base, which his brother lacks.

As for the rousing pamphlets and statements by both parties, they are for local consumption and designed to create a war of nerves. Jumblatt's statement to leftist communist and Baathist parties provoked an adverse reaction vis-a-vis the group by making the West, and in particular America, extremely eager to win the battle.