

# July 17, 1990

# National Intelligence Daily for Tuesday, 17 July 1990

## Citation:

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## Summary:

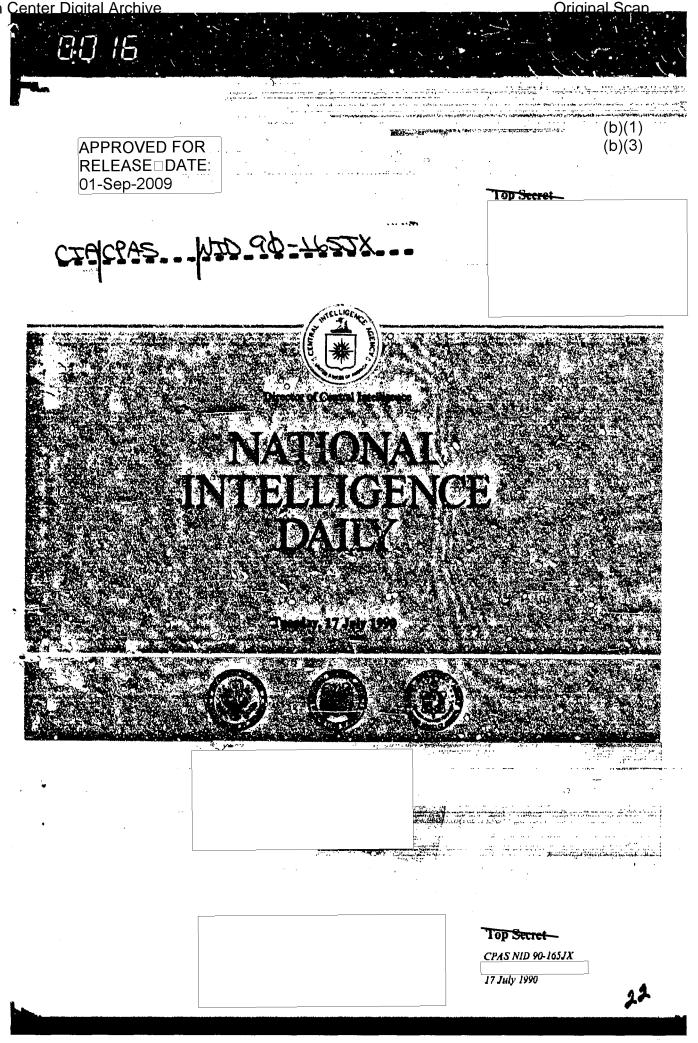
The CIA's National Intelligence Daily for Tuesday, 17 July 1990 describes the latest developments in USSR-West Germany, UK, South Korea and USSR.

## **Original Language:**

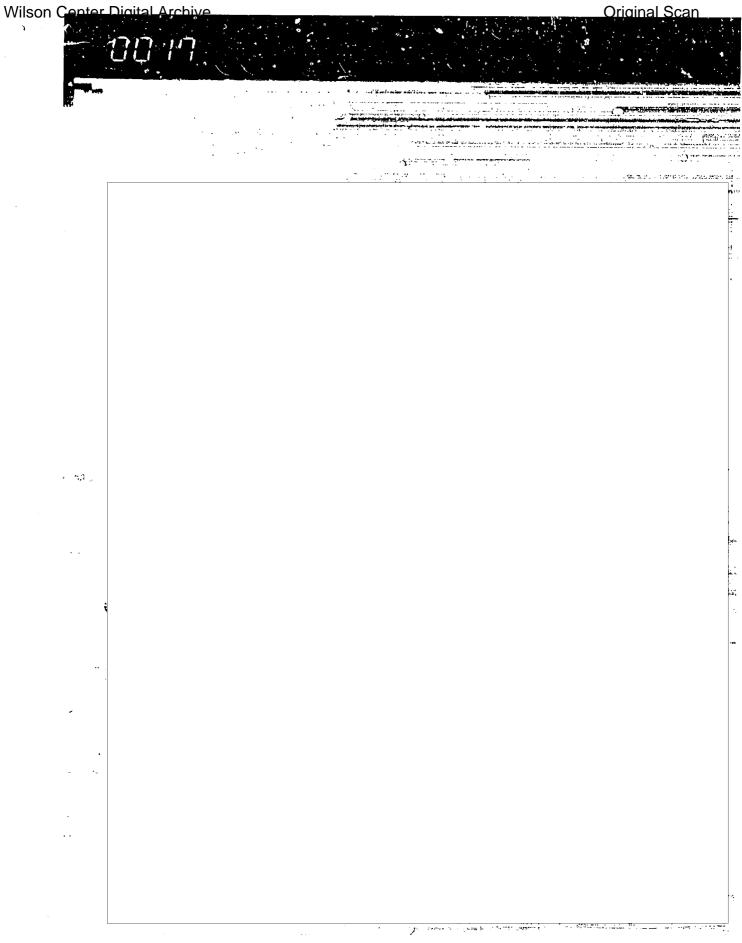
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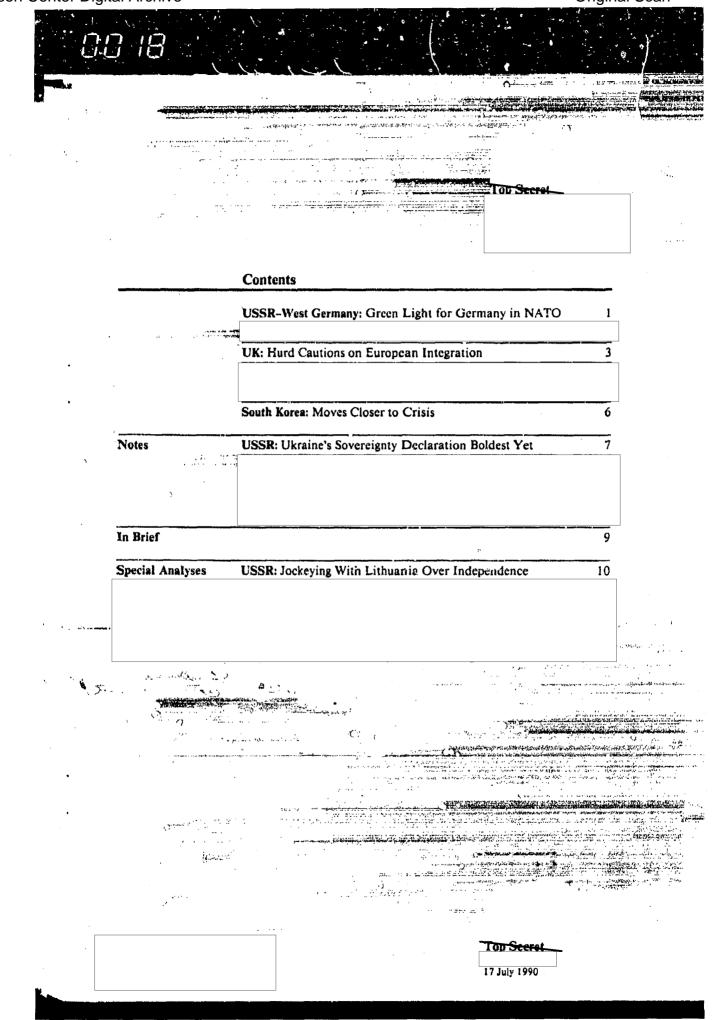


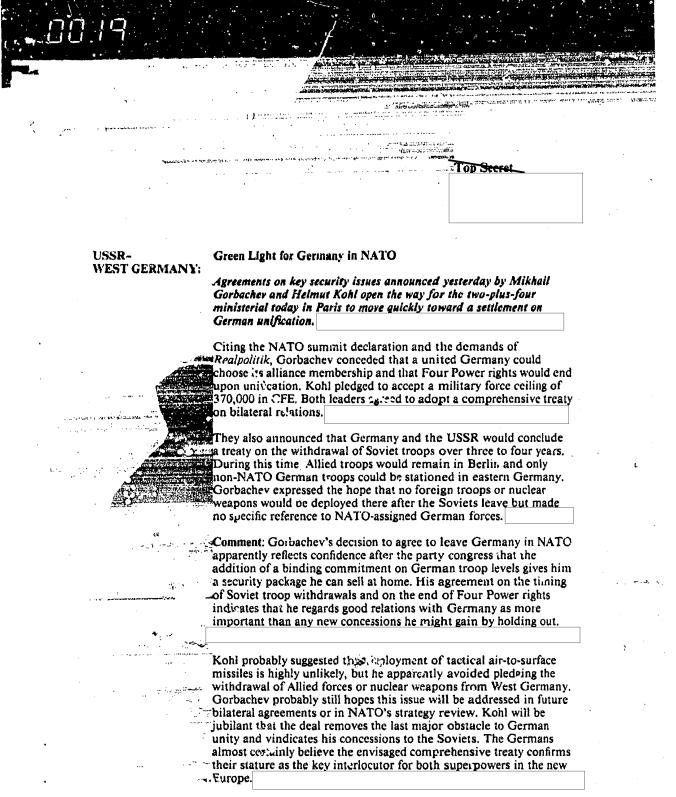
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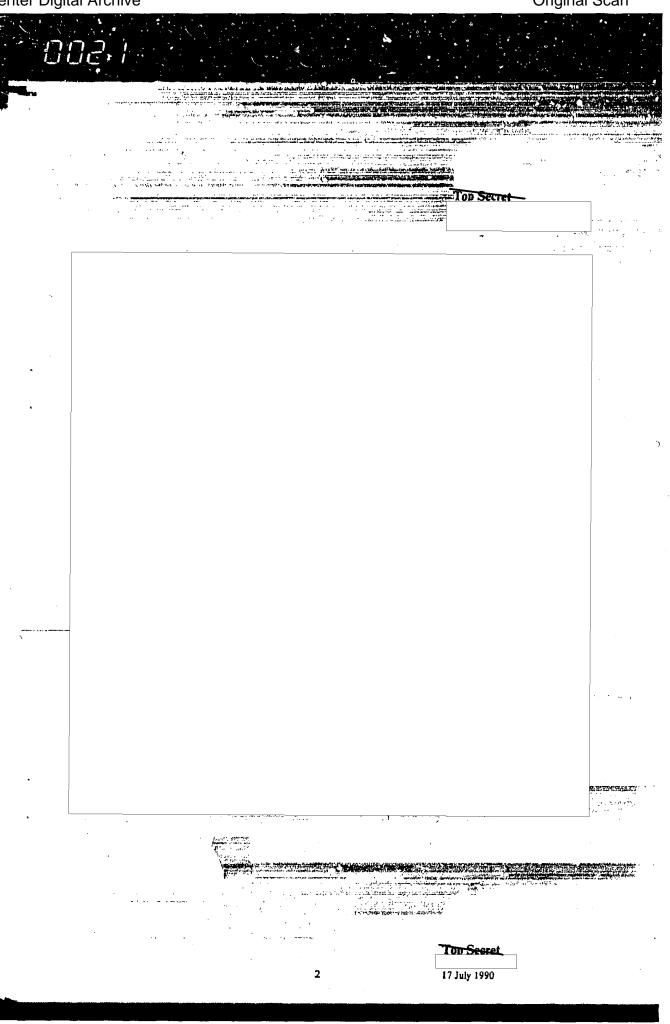
Moscow's shift will encourage Bonn to press for a rapid conclusion of two plus four. Kohl will stress that Germany should regain full sovereignty at the time of unification, although a new border treaty with Poland will not be ratified by then.

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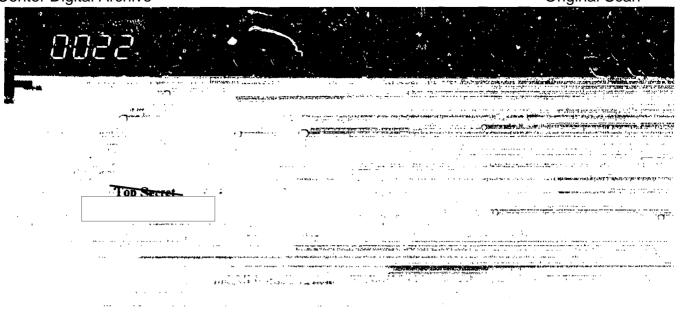
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### Fallout From the Ridley Affair

Trade and Industry Secretary Ridley's resignation appears unlikely to end the controversy surrounding his remarks and has further damaged Anglo-German relations as well as weakened Thatcher's leadership. A British newspaper on Sunday published a leaked document detailing a roundtable discussion on Germany hosted by Prime Minister Thatcher last spring. The memo's depiction of German characteristics as "aggressive, bullying" and having a "capacity for excess" has particularly caught the media's eye, renewing charges that Thatcher shares Ridley's extreme views. But the memo as a whole is well balanced in its analysis of the risks and challenges posed by German unification. Most participants reportedly thought, for example, that "today's Germans were very different from their predecessors" and that they have no more "ambitions for physical conquest."

Thatcher, nevertheless, faces a tough challenge in dissociating herself from Rilley's views and mending her tattered public image. For more than a year, the sediu have been harping on the UK's growing isolation and blaming Thatcher for the loss in British clout. British entry into the European exchange-rate mechanism, especially, is viewed as a touchstone of Thatcher's willingness to be a good European, and she has been taken to task for her hostility to German unification earlier this year.

The media also perceived a strong Washington-Bon A axis at work during the recent London and Houston summits, citing this as further evidence of Thatcher's loss of influence and a weakened US-UK "special relationship." Thatcher's caution about unification reflects, nevertheless, a strong undercurrent in British public opinion. Polls show twice as many Britons as French or Italians, for example, would have preferred a divided Germany, although a majority of Britons approve of unification.

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Hurd Cautions on European Integration

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Foreign Secretary Hurd warned in an interview Sunday that French and West German pressure for rapid Economic and Monetary Union (EMU) should be eased; his threat of a "two speed" Europe probably was made to slow EC integration and counter any presumption that the UK can be railroaded into monetary union because of former Trade and Industry Secretary Ridley's recent gaffe.

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Comment: Hurd, one of the Cabinet's staunchest "Europeanists," has for now reversed his opposition to a two-speed track on European integration, hoping to slow integration. A slower pace would make it easier for him to argue for continued strong British participation in the EC. Hurd and Chancellor of the Exchequer Major have been disappointed by the Community's cool reaction to London's alternative proposal to the Delors' plan for EMU and probably hope to jclt the EC, particularly the French, into a more serious consideration.

A better reception for London's alternative EMU would strengthen. Hurd's case for British entry into the exchange-rate mechanism this fail, a move he believes would bolster British influence in Europe Major—who has hinted at entry this fall—worries nevertheless that too carly an entry might derail economic recovery, jeopardizing Tory chances at the next general election. Inflation in the UK is nearly double the EC average and must come down before British entry is feasible. Thatcher will probably go along with Major's decision on

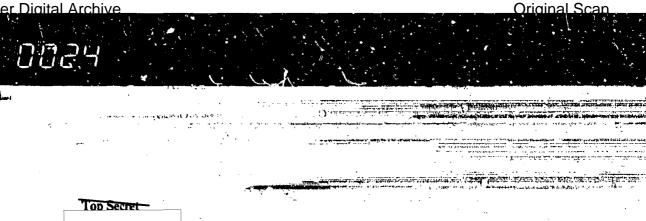
-Paris probably will take a softer line on the UK's EMU proposal in coming months to encourage more movement in London toward support for integration. The French, however, are still committed to the Delors' plan and probably hope to win British approval for the idea of a European central bank and common currency before agreeing to slow the process.

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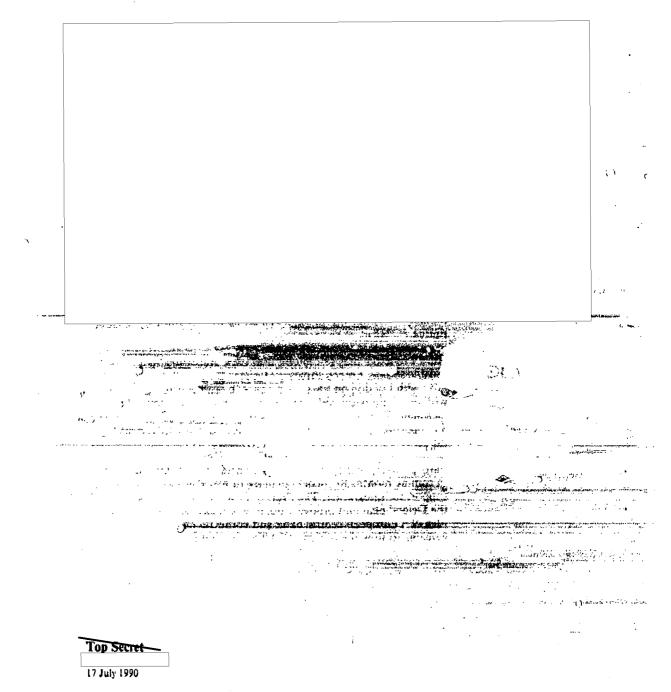
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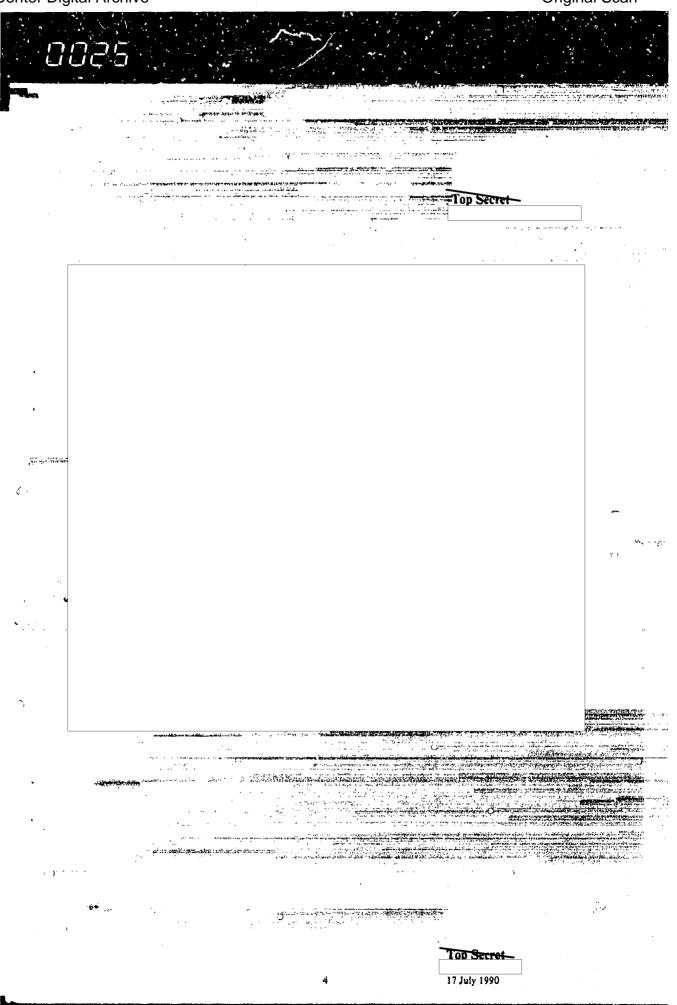
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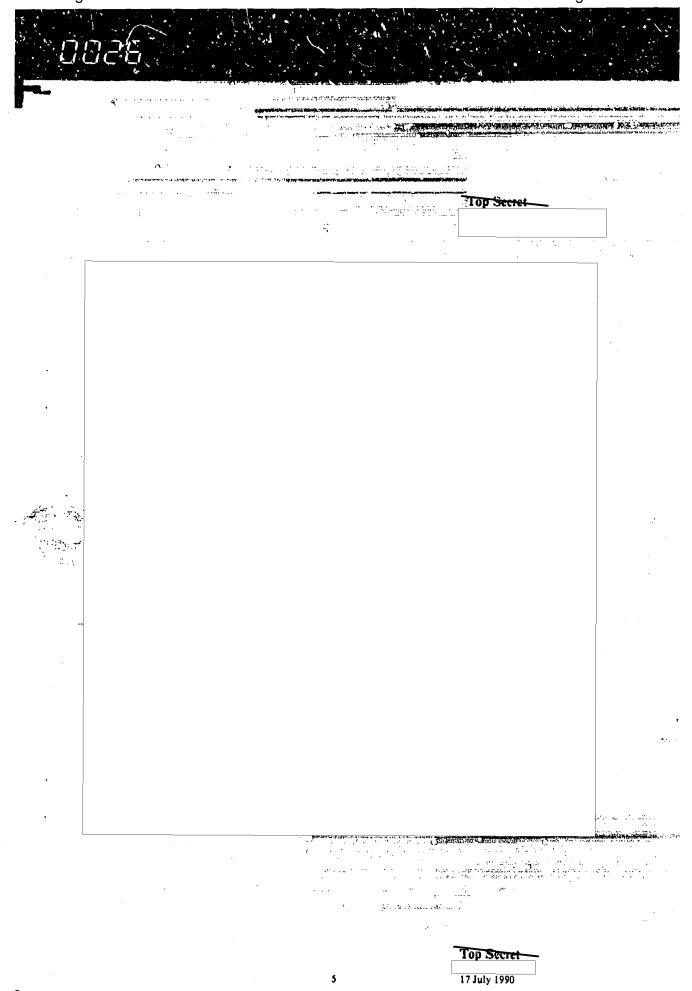


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SOUTH KOREA:

#### Moves Closer to Crisis

Opposition leader Kim Dae Jung, angry that the ruling party forced 26 bills through the National Assembly without debate, has rejected a Democratic Liberal Party offer to meet and discuss a solution. Instead, he says he will submit the party's resignation to the Assembly speaker next week, according to the press. Kim also is calling for a joint rally with another opposition party on Saturday to protest the ruling party's undemocratic behavior.

Ruling-party leaders have publicly apologized for failing to compromise with the opposition, saying they pushed the legislation through to make progress in the Assembly. Some DLP leaders believe the deep enunity between ruling-party Chairman Kim Young Sam and Kim Dae Jung fueled the confrontation but believe the latter is bluffing to win political concessions from the DLP.

Comment: Kim Dae Jung appears to be holding the resignations in abeyance to assess public reaction. A large turnout at Saturday's rally and polls indicating widespread popular indignation with the ruling camp are likely to encourage him to follow through on his party's
—threatened walkout and to push b: rd for new elections, if the rally fizzles and the press continues to denounce both sides, Kim—who has frequently reversed himself on major issues—will almost certainly look for a way out. He could:

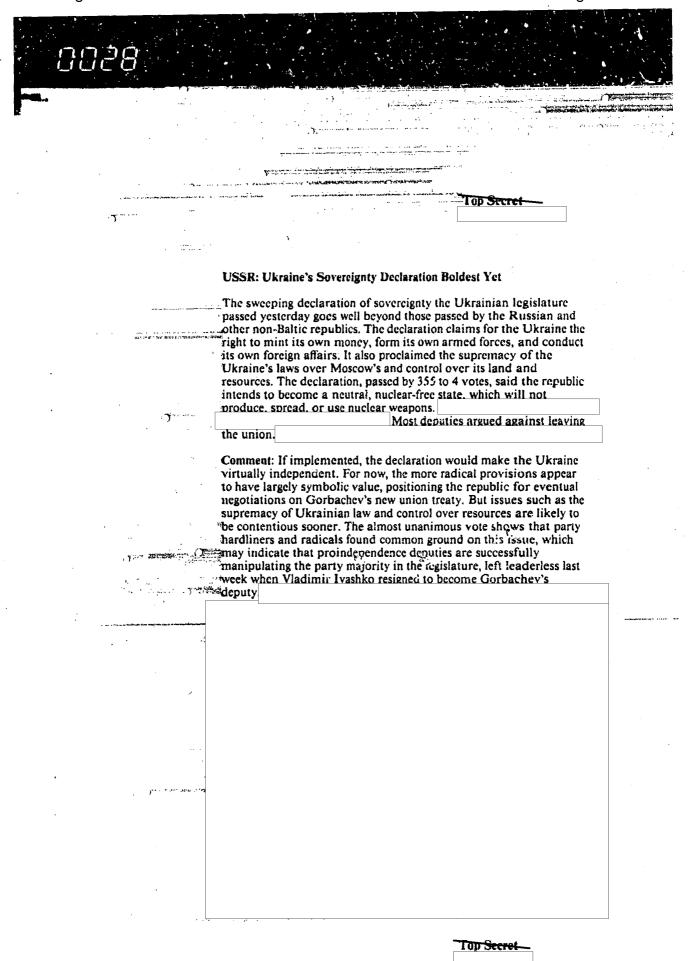
- Hold the resignations and continue issuing threats until the Assembly reconvenes in September.
- Accept the DLP's offer to discuss setting rules for local government elections—a key opposition priority.
- Submit the resignations, calculating that the speaker will refuse to accept them, a response favored by some in the ruling party,

Given its poor standing in the polls, the ruling party almost certainly wants to avoid early legislative elections. Although some ruling-party strategists believe Kim is bluffing, they may continue making overtures to him in an effort to undercut his campaign to win popular support.

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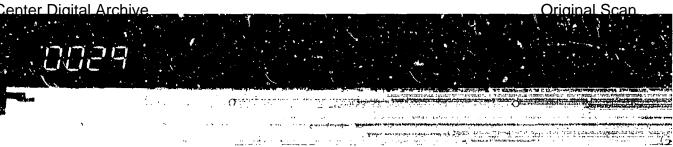
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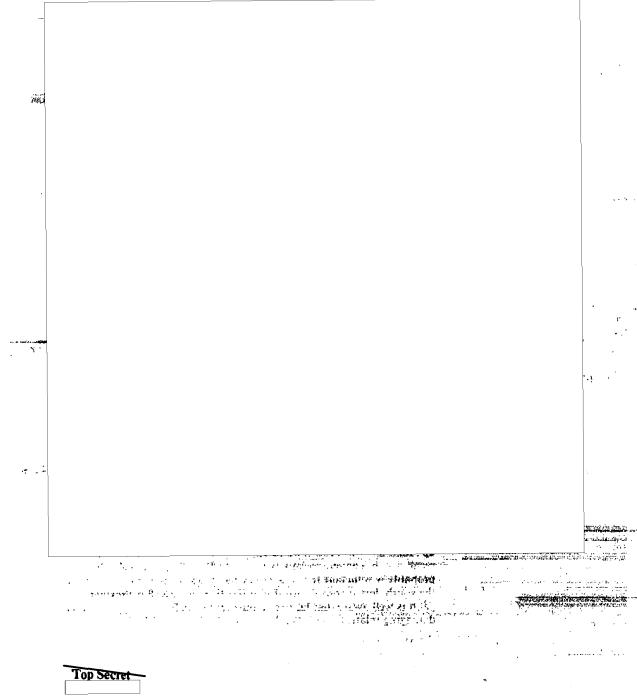
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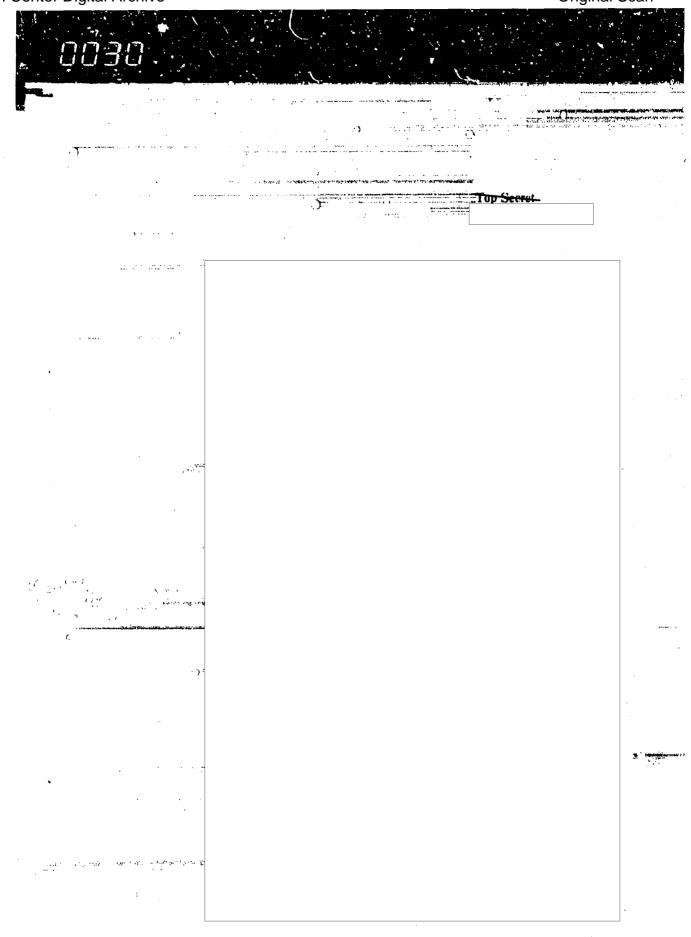
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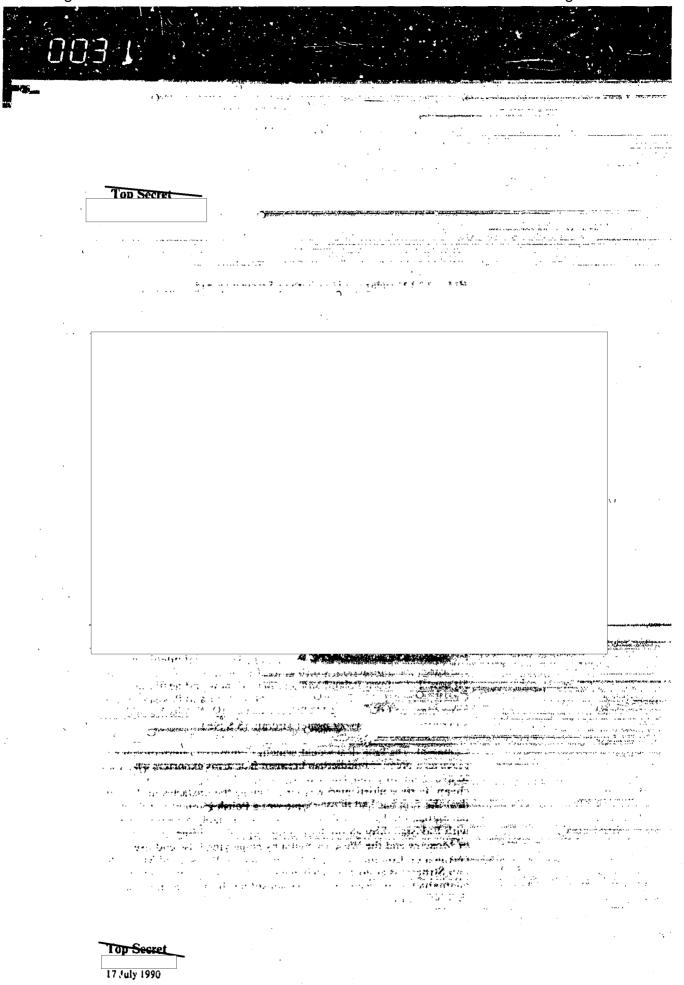


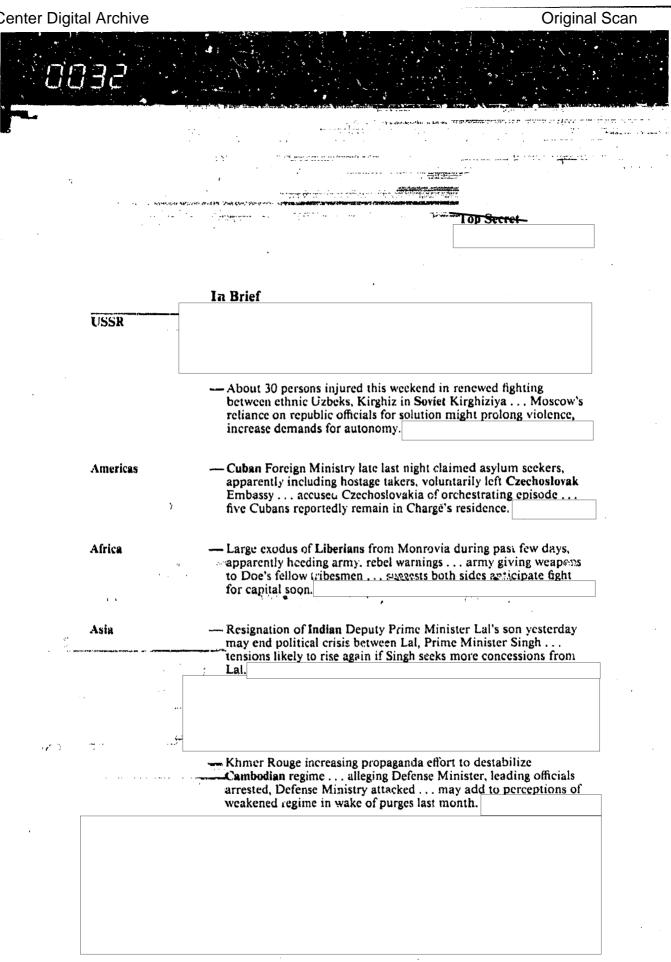
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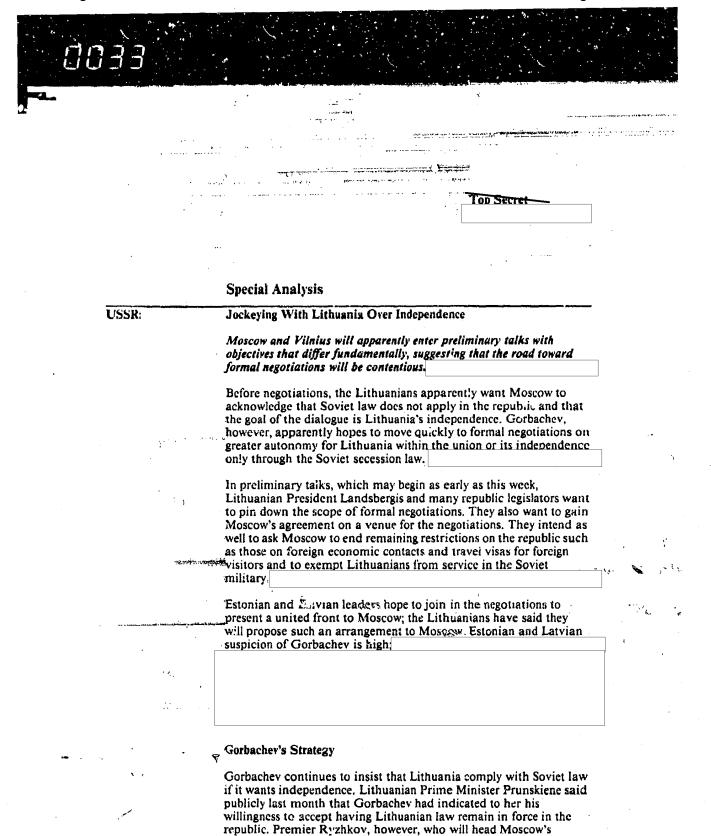
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Gorbachev appears intent on deferring negotiations with Estonia and Latvia. As preparations for talks with Lithuania have accelerated,

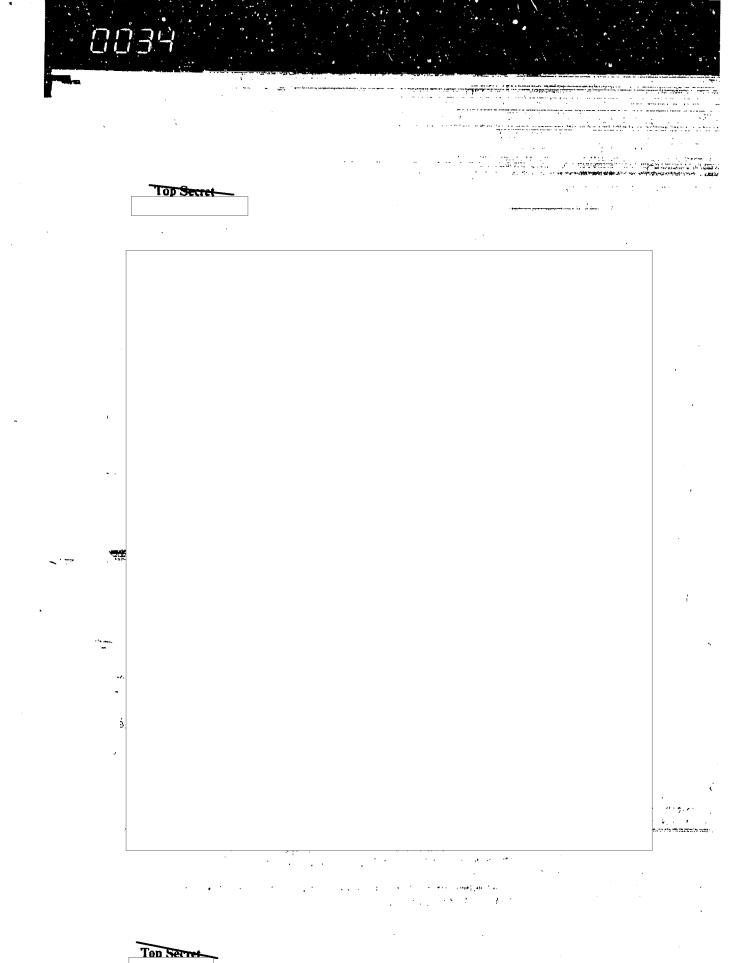
negotiating team, told the CPSU Congress that Lithuania must follow

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the Soviet secession law to gain independence.

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Moscow has been silent about the possibility of bilateral negotiations with Estonia and Latvia and, according to Prunskiene, has reacted negatively to suggestions of three-plus-one talks

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Gorbachev's tough approach no doubt comes from concern about a ripple effect on other republics and the probably futile hope that with more time he can persuade the Balts to settle for substantial autonomy within the union. He may also hope that, by lifting the economic blockade and quickly selecting a negotiating team, he can increase Western and internal political pressure on the Lithuanians to negotiate on his terms. His apparent unwillingness to open talks with the Estonians and Latvians probably reflects his hope they will moderate their aims as a result of his iough line toward the Lithuanians.

#### Outlook

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If Moscow refuses a negotiating formula that excludes the republic from the secession law, Landsbergis and the majority of Lithuanian degislators as well as such moderates as Prunskiene are likely to refuse to begin formal negotiations. Instead, they are likely to continue to "try to build political and economic contacts with other republics, increase international support for their cause, and hope that problems throughout the USSR will force Gorbachev to soften his Baltic policy. "Yesterday all three Baltic republics requested observer status and "inclusion on the agenda at the CSCE summit,

The Soviets will try to avoid a confrontation over the issue

A refusal by Moscow to include Estonia and Latvia in negotiations or an offer that they participate if they adhere to Soviet law is likely to be greeted by those republics with similar defiance, although they will have to proceed more carefully because of their more complicated ethnic situations.

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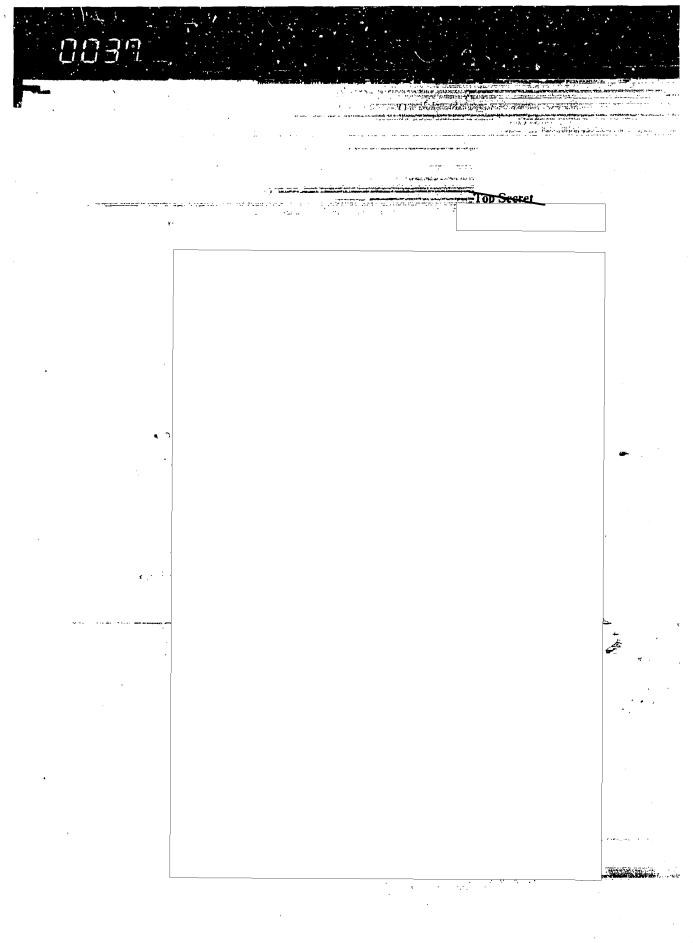


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