

December 2, 1989 National Intelligence Daily for Saturday, 2 December 1989

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Summary:

The CIA's National Intelligence Daily for Saturday, 2 December 1989 describes the latest developments in Czechoslovakia, East Germany, USSR and South Korea.

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Director of Central Intelligence

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	appear to h ouster are p the hardlin long as hard radical refo parties or s General Secto regain co Committee extraordina effort to pu	probably justified. Many re the leadership, are beginning dliners control the Central primers probably will defect simply defy orders from the ecretary Urbanek must reac control and prevent the part explenum on 14 December, ary party congress, schedul	erank and file, and their fears eformists, formerly silenced by to show their true colors. As Committee, however, the most to newly formed socialist e leadership. In to these changes soon if he ty's eclipse. At the next Central he may try to move up the led for late next month, in an in If he fails to stem the party'	oy s ore is ral

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Comment: The sudden end to the party's de jure monopoly of power makes the date and the procedures for democratic elections the key issue at the roundtable talks. In the longer run it sets the stage for a more genuine coalition government in which the Communists and perhaps even popular Premier Modrow may end up playing minor roles. The Czechoslovak example may be behind the call for a general strike, which, if heeded, will put great pressure on the party and on the government to agree to radical electoral reforms.

Legal proceedings against former party leaders may force a showdown between party reformers and hardliners as early as tomorrow's Central Committee session over how far to go with a purge. Krenz will surely face pressure from all factions to step down because he is tainted with suspicion and is widely disliked by the public. A clean sweep of the old guard seems increasingly likely at the mid-December congress.

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USSR: The Leningrad Party Organization

The Leningrad party—the second largest in the Russian Republic—has been a bulwark of orthodoxy since the late 1940s when Stalin crushed it and had its leaders executed. A former first secretary, Lev Zaykov, is a traditionalist who now serves as Gorbachev's deputy on the Defense Council. The party machinery is dominated by managers and industrial workers. The United Workers Front of Russia held its organizational meeting in Leningrad in July and has won some worker support since then.

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USSR:	Leningrad Party Challenging Moscow's Reform Agenda	
	Leningrad party boss Boris Gidaspov appears to be leading a political rebellion against radical reform that remains isolated for now but has the potential to spur a broader traditionalist rebellion in the Russian Republic party organization.	
•	The Leningrad party's resolutions published this week denounced many aspects of General Secretary Gorbachev's agenda. They attacked both economic reform, which could "restore the bourgeois system." and "newfound pseudodemocrats," who are criticizing the party and distorting its history. The Leningrad party demanded the formation of a Russian Republic party organization and an enlarged plenum of the Central Committee to discuss the political situation in the party and the country. The resolutions threaten that, unless a plenum is held. "we shall consider it necessary to hold a partywide debate on this question."	
	In a <i>Pravda</i> interview and speech last month, Gidaspov echoed many of the demands of Russian chauvinists and party traditionalists. He praised the United Workers Front of Russia, which opposes perestroyka, for its "patriotic position" and its emphasis on order, stability, and defense of the working class.	
	Comment: Leningrad's reaction, if not quashed by the Politburo, may galvanize other regional organizations to act independently. Last July Gorbachev replaced Leningrad party boss Solov'yev with Gidaspov, who had a reputation as an innovative technocrat and as being strongly proreform.	,
	There have been signs of reaction by other party officials in Moscow and the Urals. The party apparatus and the regional KGB in Sverdlov forced the conviction of a dissident last week on charges of slandering the KGB, an accusation reportedly not used since 1986. Signs of revolt in other Russian Republic party organizations may have resonance in the national leadership as well, emboldening traditionalists and moderates to try to reshape Gorbachev's reformist agenda by promoting a populist philosophy designed to win broad support among the blue-collar workers increasingly dissatisfied with economic reform.	

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The Cooling Relationship Between Roh and Chung

Chung Ho Yong's relationship with President Roh goes back nearly 40 years. They were high school and Korean Military Academy classmates and were key players in the 1979 coup that brought Chun Doo Hwan to power. Various reports indicate Chung played a decisive role in the designation of Roh as the ruling-party presidential candidate in 1987 and in helping Roh build his political base.

Nonetheless their relationship has cooled considerably over the past year as Roh has steadily distanced himself from Chung and other leading figures from the Chun era. Roh last December resisted strong pressure to give Chung, the only ruling-party leader who has the stature to challenge Roh's leadership, a major party post. As calls for Chung's resignation have increased, Roh has repeatedly refused Chung's requests for a meeting.

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SOUTH KOREA:

Political Controversy Awaits Roh

When he returns from Europe Monday, President Roh will meet with opposition leaders to end the National Assembly's yearlong deadlock over how to address the abuses of the previous government.

The opposition continues to demand that former President Chun testify before the Assembly about alleged graft and repression under his government. It also insists that lawmaker Chung Ho Yong, commander of troops responsible for suppressing the Kwangju uprising in 1980, resign his seat. Last month the opposition called on Roh to meet its terms by mid-December or to face a unified campaign to unseat him next year.

Koreans support opposition demands for a thorough investigation of alleged Chun-era misdeeds.

A stormy round of meetings aimed at reaching a compromise have highlighted ruling party infighting on the issue.

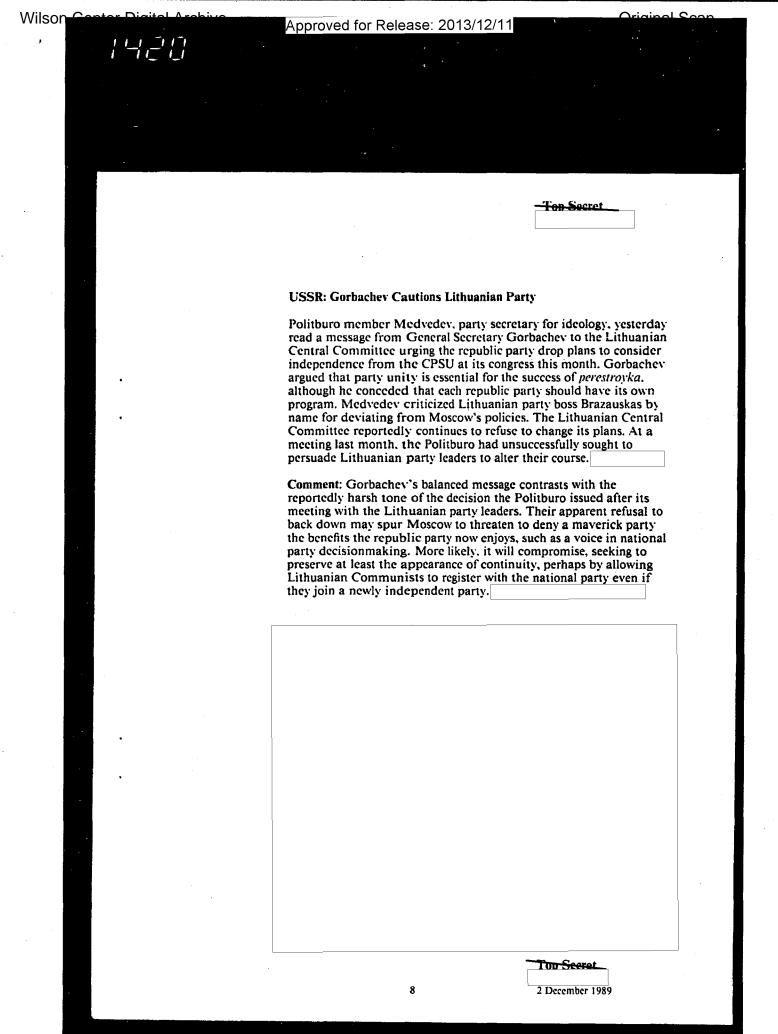
Roh and other ruling-party leaders see a deal with the opposition as the best way to move ahead with social and political reforms they hope will better position the party for the presidential election in 1992. But influential hardliners are threatening to bolt the party if Chung is forced to resign, making party leaders skeptical that Roh will meet opposition demands.

Comment: Roh may try to work out an agreement—for example set a date for Chun's testimony and defer Chung's resignation—to give an impression of progress while avoiding a damaging split in his party. He may hope that such a move would placate Chun who is frustrated by his yearlong exile at a Buddhist temple and is hinting he will reveal damning information if he is not allowed to resume a normal life soon. The opposition might meet Roh halfway in the near term in order to dampen public criticism that it is delaying reform by pursuing the investigation for partisan purposes.

With only three years left in his five-year term, Roh nevertheless may believe he must strike a deal that will put the issue behind him so he can proceed with his own political program. Roh may take advantage of mounting pressure for a solution to impose a tough decision on his party. He took similar action last fall, when he persuaded hardliners to bow to opposition demands for a public apology from Chun rather than risk fueling widespread demonstrations.

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	USSR: Nationalities Developments Elsewhere
	Azerbaijan
	The rail blockade of Armenia resulting from the Azeri Front-led protests strike is now fully in effect. The Front is calling for the Azeri
	government to resign. Meanwhile, the Russian Republic legislature, noting the strike's nationwide economic costs, has urged Azeri
	officials to "normalize" the situation. Azeri leaders' appeals to the strikers, however, have been ineffective.
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