September 5, 1985

Central Intelligence Agency, Directorate of Intelligence, 'China's Active Diplomacy in Latin America'

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Summary:

The CIA anticipates diplomatic victories for the PRC in Latin America as more countries will switch recognition away from Taiwan.

This version of the report was declassified on June 30, 2011. The CIA had earlier declassified a copy of the same report on October 5, 2010. Each version has different sections that were withheld from public release. Both versions of the report should be consulted by readers.

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DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE

6 September 1985

China's Active Diplomacy in Latin America

Summary

China this fall may score a string of diplomatic victories against Taiwan in Latin America, hitherto a diplomatic stronghold for Taiwan. Through economic incentives and payoffs, Beijing recently persuaded Bolivia to establish relations with China, and Uruguay and Grenada seem likely to do so before the end of the year. By further undermining Taiwan's international legitimacy, Beijing hopes to sap Taipei's will to resist China's unification overtures. In Central America, Beijing also may see a chance to enhance its "independent" image and to counter Soviet and Cuban influence by cooperating with non-socialist governments, and especially 25X1 by supporting the Contadora process, which China has publicly endorsed. We expect Beijing to be patient in its pursuit of Taiwan's friends. However, Taipei is attempting to hold on to its position in the region through increased diplomatic representation and economic support. 25X1 25X1 This memorandum was prepared by Office of East Asian Analysis. Information available as of 6 September 1985 was used in its preparation. Comments and queries are welcome and may be directed to the Chief, Foreign Affairs, China 25X1 Division, OEA, 25X1 EA M-85-10161

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Chinese Tactics				
the table payments to countries that still rec say that Beijing has a trade with Uruguay – relations with Beijing promise of \$600 millio commercial aid to Uru	year China has aggressive weaken Taiwan's position cognize Taipei are locate greed to make up \$50 m probably a key factor in by the end of this year. On in trade over the nextuguay as promised in 190 ect that China made a si	on in Latin America, wh d. For example, Latin A villion a year in lost Tai Uruguay's reported de Although this figure is tive years, Taiwan's fa 84 probably damaged i	nere 14 of the 24 merican diplomats wanese aid and cision to establish well below Taipei's hilure to deliver ts credibility in	25 X 1
	s offered to participate i de and aid if Nicaragua v the offer.		van. So far,	25 X 1
				25)
establish cultural or c Nicaraguan governme Earlier this year, Cost to open channels to c to influence governme party-to-party ties wi government. In addition	nmune so far to Chinese commercial ties. Beijing rent to hold an export coma Rica politely rebuffed apposition political parties and policy indirectly. In a lith Nicaragua as a way on, the Chinese are propert to persuade them that	ecently sought approvant nmodities exhibition in a similar suggestion. B as such as Dominica's L similar vein, China has f establishing dialogue agandizing to journalist	al from the Managua in 1986. eijing also has tried abor Party, hoping moved to open with the is and politicians in	
			2	25 X 1
Chinese Demands				
	s economic aid, Beijing o lations with Taiwan. It h			

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Chinese sovereignty over the island. However, in its haste to gain recognition, China has been willing to use its most flexible normalization formula. Beijing recently allowed Grenada to delete a phrase from a joint normalization communique asserting that Taiwan is an inalienable part of Chinese territory. We suspect that China will be equally flexible in reaching terms with other states in the region.	25X1
Goals and Prospects for the Future	
Beijing's main interest is in keeping the diplomatic initiative in Latin America and increasing the pressure on Taiwan. In addition, China may perceive an opportunity to counter Soviet and Cuban influence in the region through relations with the non-socialist Central American governments and through support for the Contadora Process, which Beijing has publicly endorsed. However, China's failure to gain the recognition of Nicaragua, which still has ties with Taiwan, is both a source of embarassment and an impediment to these goals.	25 X 1
Economically, China is becoming increasingly capable of competing effectively with Taiwan in Latin America. Excluding Panama, which serves as an entrepot for international exports, Taiwan's annual trade with its Latin American friends amounts to around \$110,000,000 in exports and \$65,000,000 in imports, figures which China is capable of matching. Taiwan's aid to the area is also small.	25 X 1
Nonetheless, we believe that Taipei's hold in Latin America will be hard to break. Many of the governments that support Taiwan are strongly anti-Communist, such as Paraguay, Haiti, the Dominican Republic, Costa Rica and El Salvador. Some, such as Guatemala and Honduras, also receive military assistance from Taiwan, including anti-Communist psychological warfare training programs for security officers – programs that these countries would hardly trust Beijing to provide. Finally, China probably faces opposition in Nicaragua from the Soviet Union and Cuba, neither of which are enthusiastic about China's attempts to gain influence in Latin America.	25 X 1
In our judgment, China recognizes these problems, and will be patient in courting Taiwan's friends. We expect China to give priority to the pursuit of the smaller Caribbear island states, which greatly need financial aid, and of opportunists such as Panama, which,	
Taiwan in turn appears to recognize that it cannot afford to be complacent. For now, it seems intent on protecting its ties with Caribbean and Central American countries, where its advantages are greatest. Taipei has already drafted a "Caribbean Basin Initiative Investment Plan" which relaxes external investment restrictions and provides low interest loans for Taiwan investments in Panama, Costa Rica and the Dominican Republic. Vice President Lee Teng-hui will visit Costa Rica, Panama and Guatemala for a two-week goodwill tour in September, and Taipei plans to establish embassies in St. Lucia, St. Kitts, and Dominica to strengthen its diplomatic representation in the area.	25X1 25X1

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