June 3, 1989

China Division, Asian Affairs Bureau [Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Japan], 'The Situation in China (Student Demonstrations)'

Citation:

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Summary:

The document from the China Division, Asian Affairs Bureau of Japan's Ministry of Foreign Affairs reveals Japanese Embassy personnel observations of the events that took place in Xinjuamen and Xidan on the afternoon of June 3, 1989 following the Tiananmen Square incident. It also references Premier Li Peng and Defense Minister Qin Jeiwei's response following the events.

Credits:

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Translation - English

	オペレーション	ノルー	公送信資料
1		送信日時	6月3日(土) 22時00分
件名	中国情勢	送信枚数	全も枚
	(学生デモ 関係)	送信課	アジア局(部)午町課(室)
連絡事			

ž	送信先 (〇印)	短縮番号
	ファックス設置全幹部	
	総理 秘書官	0 1
O	官房長官秘書官	02
0	官房副長官秘書官	03
	内閣外政審議室長	04
,	宮本大臣秘書官	05
0	事 務 次 官	0.6
0	次官秘書官	07
0	栗山外務審議官	0.8
0	国広外務審議官	09
	国際経済担当大使	10
0	官 房 長	1 1
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0	外	務	報	道	官	1 4
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	北	米	周		長	18
	中	南	米	局	長	19
	欧	亜	周		長	- 20
	中近	東ァ	フリ	力后	長	21
	経	済	局	ls.	長	
2	経	済 協	力	局	長	23
	条	約	周		長	. 24
	国	連	局		長	25
	科当	* 技	術 密	畿	官	26
0	倩	報調	査	局	長	27
0	悄	報	課		長	28

〇 3日午後の状况(別添地国务照)

- 1. 3日午後、北京市内数ケ所で、武装警察と学生・市民が対じし、もみ合い、しよう突が生じ、一部では負しよう者も出た模様のところ、館員が各所で視察した概要次のとおり。
- (1) 新華門では14:30ころ武装警察(約100名程度)がさいるいガスを用いて、かねてよりすわり (20) 込みを行っていた学生等を撤退させようとしたが、学生・市民側におしもどされ、武装警察は西方へ退却した。 (さいるいガスを用いた場面には館員は居合わせながつたが、邦人プレスが現場を目撃しており、館員 (南) が現場でさいるいガスのカラを確認した)
- (2) 人民大会どう西側道路では、本日午後、南方から北に向かつてきたと思われる 2, 0 0 0 3, 0 0 (4) (5) 0人の軍 (ヘルメット着用、武器不所持)を市民 2, 0 0 0 3, 0 0 0人がバス 2 台を使つてそ止して対じしていたが、17:30の時点で、市民が軍を圧倒し「コ」の字型の防衛線を突破した。(当館(南)が視認)

その間のもみ合いで若干の負しよう者がでた模様であり、ちを流した学生を救急車が運んでいるところが見られた。

- (3) 西草では、本日未明にテン安門方向へ向かつてきて学生・市民にそ止され、その際逃げ遅れたバス 2 3) 台(各々 12-13 人の兵が乗つている)が 17:30 現在においても、なお市民に取り囲まれている。
- 2. (1)以上の結果、18:00過ぎには新華門付近には、軍及び武装整察はいなくなり、西草にはバスによりバリケードがきづかれ、一般の交通はしや断され、西華以東は一種の解放区化している。また、テン安門広場付近にも上記1. (2)の軍がまだ一部残存している模様。
- (2) また、館員の目撃したところでは、北京市順義路リド・ホテル付近には兵を満載したトラック数十台 が市民と対じしている。

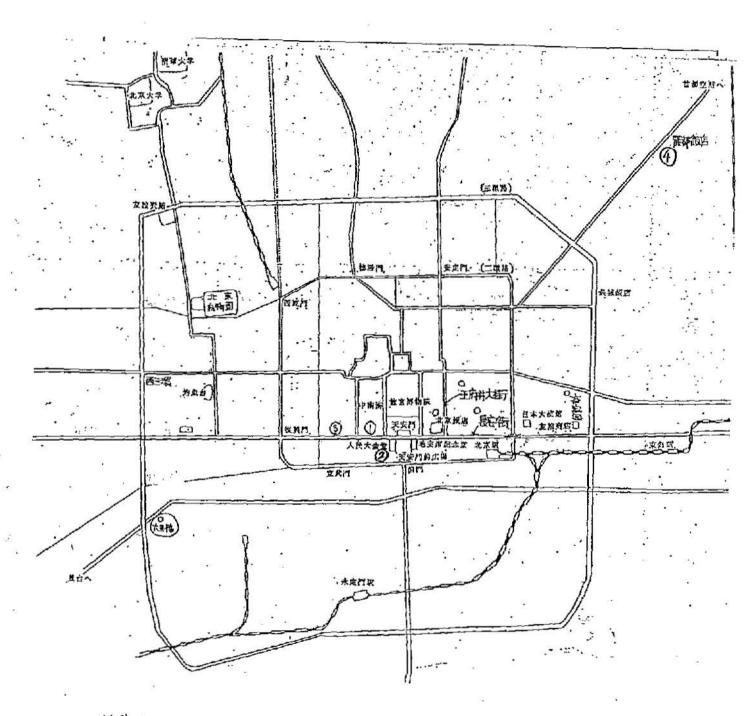
さらに、19:00 過ぎには、二かん路を南から北上した軍のトラック約50 台が長安がいに入つたが、このでは、19:00 過ぎには、二かん路を南から北上した軍のトラック約50 台が長安がいに入つたが、これを数千名の市民がそ止する形となり、こう着状態となつている。

1 ペリス / 3 日星頭金毛以後の状況につき当館員が視認した状況次のとおり

19:00ころ人民解放軍が長安がいをテン安門方向に向かおうとし、多数の学生・市民にそ止され、現場は続々市民がつめかけ、20:00現在、大ぐん衆の中、完全なこう着状態となつている。

部隊は、二かん路南方からテン安門に進出したとみられ、建国門大がいにさしかかるインターチェンジ付近において学生・市民にそ止され、立ち往生させられた。武力の使用等はなく、市民との間にしよう突はまだ発生していない。部隊の規模は通信車2合を含む大型トラック約50両であり、各車両は兵士を満載(各車両20-30名)し、各兵士は、自動小じゆうで武装して、ヘルメットをそう着し、弾そうを各自6ケ以上所持している。市民は各車両を取り囲み兵士を説得しているが大部分の兵士は押しだまつたままでやや不安気に見える。

(当館注:上記は一正面の状況であるが、西側、南側、北側からの進出有無状況については調査中。リド・ホテル近ぺんでやはり市民と対じしていることは **同項往電のとおり**)



- ① 新華内
- ② 人民大会堂面(21)道路
- ③ 西草
- の リド・オテル
- ⑤二環路

◎ 李鵬発言(3日)

- 1. 3日よる7時の中央テレビのニュースは、トップで国際的な「共通の未来」会議の理事長の招待による テレビ演説におけるリ・ホウ総理の発言を放えいした。(リ・ホウ発言がいつ行われたかについては、5日 から始まる「世界かん境の日」を前にしてとなつており、極く最近のものと思われる。)
- 2. 右発言は、5日から「世界かん境の日」が始まることに関連し、将来の地きゆうかん境の悪化の進行防 止のための国際的な協力について述べたものであるが、リ・ホウが終始固い表情で、19日よるの「動乱」 ちん圧講話の如く、きつい口調で右発言を行つていたことが印象的であつた。 なお、右発言内容は、3日付新華社電でも報じられている。

〇秦基得[国防智息] の動向(3日)

3日よる当地中央TVニュースは、かねてより失きやく説の飛び交つていたシン・キィ国防部長の動せいに つき以下のとおり報じた。

(シンについては30日の新華社電が、20日の告別式にはなわを送つた旨報じたことはあるが、かい厳令 発布以後すがたを表わしたのは初めて)

1. 3日午前、中共中央政治局委員、国務委員兼国防部長のシン・キィ上将、副総参謀長ジョ・シン上将は、 北京こう外のかい厳部隊の指き員及び戦士を見まつた。シン・キィは部隊に対し、トウ・ショウへイ軍事委 員会主席及びョウ・ショウコン副主席からのあいさつを伝えた。彼は、部隊の軍きをよく守り、闘志がこう ようし、軍事訓練がよくなされ、政治教育がしつかりなされ、ちつ序だつて生活しているのを見て、非常に よろこんだ。

彼は、「きみらの行動は、北京市民の理解、支持、そして信頼を得ている。われわれの部隊は誠心誠意人民 のためにつくすものであり、党の指示を受けるものであり、高度の政治意識をもつものであり、また、この 試練にたえうるものである」と述べた。

2. 5月31日、軍事委員会副秘書長のコウ・ガクチ、リユウ・カセイも、軍事委員会主席トウ・ショウへ イ、副主席ヨウ・ショウコンに代わつてかい厳部隊を見まつた。

(マ中注:筆頭到主席の趙智陽の名はない)

Operations Room Information for Transmission

Subject: The Situation in China (Student Demonstrations) Date and Time of Transmission: June 3 (Saturday) 22:00

Number of Pages for Transmission: 6

Transmitting Section: China Division, Asian Affairs Bureau

Message: Important Information Related to the Situation as of the Night of June 3

Send to (0)		Abbreviated Number
	Fax for All Top Officials	
	Executive Secretary to the Prime Minister	1
0	Secretary to the Chief Cabinet Secretary	2
0	Secretary to the Deputy Chief Cabinet Secretary	3
	Director for the Cabinet Councilors' Office on External Affairs	4
	Secretary to Minister Miyamoto	5
0	Administrative Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs	6
0	Private Secretary to the Vice-Minister	7
0	Deputy Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs Kuriyama	8
0	Deputy Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs Kunihiro	9
	Ambassador in Charge of International Economy	10
0	Deputy Minister	11
	Assistant Vice Minister	12
0	Director, Management and Coordination Division	13
0	Director-General for Press and Public Relations	14
0	Director, Press Division	15
	Director-General, Consular and Emigration Affairs Department	16
0	Director-General, Asian Affairs Bureau	17
	Director-General, North American Affairs Bureau	18
	Director-General, Latin American and Caribbean Affairs Bureau	19
	Director-General, European and Oceanic Affairs Bureau	20
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	Director-General, Economic Affairs Bureau	22
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	Director-General, Treaties Bureau	24
	Director-General, United Nations Bureau	25
	Deputy Director-General for Science and Technology	26

0	Director-General, Information Analysis, Research and Planning Bureau	27
0	Director, Information Division	28

Situation on the Afternoon of June 3 (See Map)

- 1. On the afternoon of June 3, armed police on one side and students and civilians on the other confronted one another with scuffles and clashes breaking out, some of which apparently resulted in injuries. A summary of what Embassy personnel observed is as follows:
- (1) At Xinhuamen⁽¹⁾, at around 14:30, armed police (approximately 100), using tear gas, tried to force students and others who had been conducting a sit-down for some time to withdraw. Driven back by students and civilians, however, the armed police retreated to the west (No Embassy officer was at the scene where the armed police used tear gas, but Japanese press witnessed the scene and an Embassy officer, Minami, confirmed tear gas shells at the site).
- (2) On a road⁽²⁾ on the west side of the Great Hall of the People, some 2,000-3,000 civilians used two buses this afternoon to block and face some 2,000-3,000 soldiers (wearing helmets, without weapons) believed to have come there from the south. At 17:30, the civilians overwhelmed the soldiers and broke through the "U" shaped line of defense (An Embassy officer, Minami, saw and confirmed it).

It appears that some people were injured in the scuffles at that time. Ambulances were seen carrying away bleeding students.

- (3) In Xidan⁽³⁾, two buses (each with 12 or 13 soldiers riding in it) that were heading at dawn in the direction of the Gate of Heavenly Peace (Tiananmen) were stopped by students and civilians. Unable to get away, the buses as of 17:30 were still surrounded by civilians.
- 2. (1) As a result of the above, a little after 18:00 in the vicinity of Xinhua Gate, soldiers and armed police were gone. In Xidan, barricades were built using buses and general traffic was blocked. An area to the east of Xidan has become a kind of liberated zone. Also, some of the soldiers mentioned above in subsection (2) of section 1 seem still to be in the vicinity of Tiananmen Square.
- (2) Also, Embassy personnel have witnessed several dozen trucks full of soldiers confronting civilians in the vicinity of Beijing's Shunyi Road and the Lido Hotel⁽⁴⁾.

Furthermore, a little after 19:00, approximately 50 military trucks advancing north from the south on the Second Ring Road⁽⁵⁾ entered Chang'an Avenue but were stopped by several thousand civilians. The situation has come to a standstill.

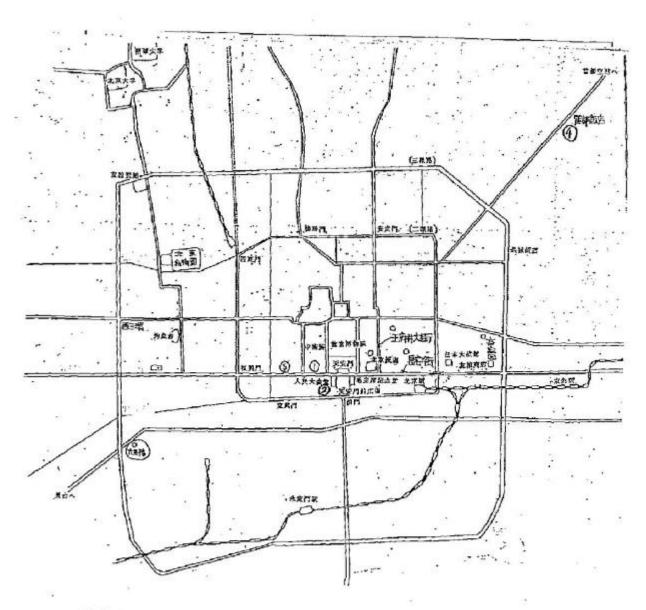
The situation from June 3, seen and confirmed by Embassy personnel, is as follows:

The People's Liberation Army (PLA) around 19:00 attempted to go along Chang'an Avenue in the direction of Tiananmen but were stopped by many students and civilians, who were crowding into the area. As of 20:00, in the middle of a huge crowd, the situation had come to a standstill.

A PLA unit, believed to be advancing from the Second Ring Road toward Tiananmen, was stopped by students and civilians in the vicinity of the interchange near Jianguomen Outer Street and stuck there. There has been no use of force, and clashes with civilians have not yet occurred. The unit's scale is one of approximately 50 trucks, including two communication vehicles, with each vehicle full of soldiers (20 to 30 soldiers in each vehicle). Each soldier is armed with an automatic rifle, wearing a helmet, and

has six or more rifle magazines. Civilians have surrounded the vehicles and have been reasoning with the soldiers, most of whom have kept silent and seemed a little uneasy.

(Embassy note: The above is the situation in front of us. We are now investigating whether or not PLA units are advancing from the west, south, and north. There is still no change to the confrontation with civilians near the Lido Hotel.)



- ① 教華内
- ② 人民大全堂而四道路
- ③ 西草
- @ リド·オ·テル
- ⑤二環路

[Key to map on page 4 of document]

- (1) Xinhua Gate
- (2) Road to the west of the Great Hall of the People
- (3) Xidan
- (4) Lido Hotel
- (5) Second Ring Road

Li Peng's Statement (June 3)

- 1. The Central Television news at seven o'clock on the evening of June 3 broadcast a statement by Premier Li Peng, a television speech given at the invitation of the chairman of the international "Common Future" conference (As for when Li Peng's statement was given, it is thought to have been very recently, in advance of "World Environment Day," which starts on June 5).
- 2. The aforementioned statement, related to the start of "World Environment Day," was given in regard to international cooperation to stop future worsening of the environment. What was impressive was Li Peng's stony expression from start to finish. As with his speech on the evening of May 19 on suppressing the "turmoil," he made his remarks with the same hard tone.

The contents of the aforementioned statement are reported in a Xinhua News Agency telegram of June 3.

Movements of Qin Jiwei (Defense Minister) (June 3)

The Central Television news here on June 3 reported as following regarding the movements of Defense Minister Qin Wei, around whom speculation has been flying for some time that he has suffered a loss of position.

(Regarding Qin, a Xinhua New Service telegram of May 30 reported that he had sent a wreath for the funeral service of May 20, but this was the first time since the declaration of martial law that he had appeared.)

1. On the morning of June 3, General Qin Jiwei, Member of the Standing Committee of the Central Committee's Central Political Bureau, State Councilor, and Defense Minister, and General Zhang Zhen, Deputy Chief of the General Staff, visited commanders and soldiers of martial law units outside of Beijing. Qin Jiwei conveyed greetings from Central Military Commission Chairman Deng Xiaoping and Vice Chairman Yang Shangkun to the units. He was very pleased to see that the units were observing military discipline, that their fighting spirit was high, that their military training was good, that their political education was solid, and that they were living in an orderly way.

He said: "Your actions have gained the understanding, support, and trust of Beijing's residents. Our units will do their best in all sincerity for the people, receive directions from the Party, have a high level of political awareness, and be able to stand this test."

2. On May 31, Hong Shuizhi and Liu Huaqing, each a deputy secretary-general of the Central Military Commission, visited martial law units on behalf of Central Military Commission Chairman Deng Xiaoping and Vice Chairman Yang Shangkun.

(China Division, Asian Affairs Bureau Note: First Vice Chairman Zhao Ziyang's name is not there.) [TN: handwritten arrow points in subsection 2 above to the names of Deng and Yang, underlined by hand.]