

# November 19, 1956 Draft Review of Radio Free Europe Hungarian Broadcasts

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# **Summary:**

Draft version of a CIA memorandum prepared for the White House on RFE broadcasts during the Hungarian Revolution.

# **Credits:**

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# **Original Language:**

English

## **Contents:**

Original Scan

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Braft

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SUBJECT: Radio Free Europe - Draft Memorandum from DCI to President Risenhover

note !

I. Broadcast Policy for NTS During Period 20th UPSU Congress and Getober 23, 1956

In line with Estimal Security Council and other general U.S. policy, the
policy governing NTS's broadcasts to the European satellites included the following principal points:

#### A. Strebenie

- 1. To induce the people and "the elites" of the captive nations to favor the edeption of national goals of freedom from Soviet control over internal and external effairs to the practicable extent that this may be brought about by neutralization on the Austrian or Finnish models, with the concomitant withdrawal of these nations from the Warsaw Paot and CRMA which today holds these nations militarily and economically in the Soviet Orbit.
- 2. The extualishment of democratic institutions in the captive countries and the satisfaction of essential liberties for the individual including a constitutional government, allowing for non-communist parties, free elections by secret ballot, freedom of intellectual inquiry, assembly, worship, press and other components of a democratic bill of rights.

#### B. Thetical

- 1. To encourage evolutionary changes working toward the liberalization of institutions, and decemeralization of authority and decision making power to the paint where a return to Stalinist measures would be politically impracticable for regime or party landers.
- 2. To continue eross-reporting of the progress of anti-Stalinism and the demands for liberalization is the several captive nations.

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It is important to note that an RFM policy directive, dated December 12, 1951, stated entegorically:

"Speakers are versed not of yield to a astural impulse to bring hope to their competricts by promising armed intervention by the West. To raise the hopes of our sudiences in this fashion would be to do them a cruel disservine; it would also constitute radical minuspresentation of the present policies of the western powers. Such talks may not be broadcast on RFS."

This directive is still in effort.

#### II. Breadment Content During the Period 20th CPSU Congress and October 23, 1956

During this period RFE (as well as Free Europe leaflets) played the Europe searet speech heavily; reported western reaction and reaction of various communist party leaders in the West to the searet speech; gave full play to the Belgrade Declaration of "differing reads to Socialism"; gave appropriate treatment to the rehabilitation of various "Titolata" and national communists throughout the satellite area; widely gross-reported the Posnen upriming in Poland to other satellites; reported all evidences of the "them" and forment wherever taking place; and gave full play to the attempts of Gamilla to establish greater freedom from Soviet control in Poland.

by President Risenhover, Secretary Dulies, Adiai Stevenson and other American political, religious, index, agricultural and business leaders, pledging that the cause of the freedom of the captive peoples would remain a basic part of American Government policy and would be kept forement on the world's council tables. It also breadomst the resolution of the United States Senate and the platforms of both the Republican and Summeratic parties calling for freedom of the captive people by peaceful means.

#### III. Revisions in RFE's Broadcast Policy since October 23, 1956

With the fluid situation in Poland and with considerable ferment noticeable in

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Number prior to Ortober Shrt, EFE policy guidance was medified to:

- a. Give greater emphasis to the liberalization and widening of the "them" in Palant and Rongery;
  - b. Give more emphasis to the nationalistic tendencies in the satellites; and
- e. Urgs the removal from positions of sutherity of specific pro-Stalinist leaders.

These sime were to be achieved primarily through factual reporting. HTM was to eveid testical advice or the identification of RTM with indigenous opposition elements. On October 25th, RTM was specifically authorized to give full coverage to broadcasts of patriot radios which, because of their low power and because of Soviet and other satellite jamming, could be heard only in limited areas. HTM was also entherized to broadcast to Soviet troops in Rungary.

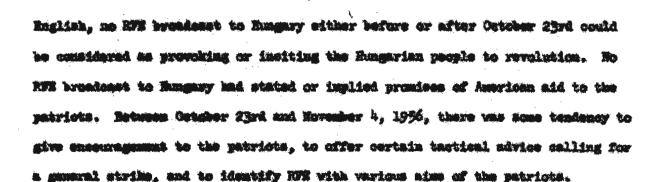
# IV. Radio Breedeasts During the Pavied October 23 to November 4, 1956

RFR, largely basing its information on extensive menitoring of Ringerian radio stations, immediately began broadcasting the disturbances which began on Cotober 23 in Rodepest Square. As the disturbances changed to revolution, and as various local Rungarian radios feel into the hands of patriots, RFR also began to report the broadcasts of such radios throughout the country. By this means the general population outside Rudepest became better informed about the course of the uprising.

RFE also broadcast the vestern resultion to Rungarian events including statements by the President of the United States, Secretary of State, and expressions of solidarity with the patriots on the part of vestern trade unions, student groups and other landers and organizations. RFE also gave fully play to the action on the part of the U.H. with respect to Rungary. During this period, RFE also broadcast various appeals to Soviet troops in Eungary not to fire on the Rungarian people who were righting for freedom.

As far as can be determined from a review of scripts currently available in

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# V. Comments for the Government of Ture Magy and James Rider on Western Provocation

The first and must determined attack on HFE as a part of the capitalistic plot responsible for the uprising came from Kramlin sources. Endic Moscow and Provide both limited HFE to the "impurialist plot to overthrow the peoples democracy." the Source, the official Hungarian radio, speaking for/Lure Hagy Government on Cotober 29th, quoted Sambad Hap, the official Hungarian communist newspaper, in response to the France article as follows:

In its last issue the France published the report of its correspondent about the Rungarian situation. Its title is: The Callages of the Adventure Directed Against the People in Rungary. This is an error. What happened in Budgart was not directed against the people. It was not an adventure and it did not callages. Books were exploding for five days, the machine gues distributed death for five days, this town suffered for five days. The alogues of modalist democracy were the loudest and not those of the remation or of the counter-revolution. The revolting people of Pest and Ruda went freeden, and a life without arbitrariness, terror and fear. More bread and national independence. This is what France called an adventure against the people? Samething really callaged that was the rule of the Rabsel-Garo clique?

"The article pretended that the undermining work of American and English imperialists was the cause of the manifestations of the Budapest population and of the revolt. We must sincerely say that this declaration of the Provide is insulting for the whole population of Budapest. The majority of Budapest with bedy or soul - participated in the manifestation of Thursday, felt with the basic, patriotic and descenatio aims of the popular manifestation. Not some undermining work produced the bloody, tragic but exalting fight that lasted five days but our own faults and crimes, and first of all the fault

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that up did not safeguard the encrement fire inherited from our Ancestows:

On Movember 11, James Badar, present head of the Rugarian Government, broadcast over Ratio Budapost:

"We must all agree that the real reason for the peoples movement which started on Ortober 23 must be accept in the serious faults and crimes which have been agentited by the Reboni clique which was greatly influencing the regime of the country and the party and which caused great damages to the working population of the country."

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VI. Constantant

1. Policy guidance provided to NFS and by NFS to its Hungarian deak was' consistent with U.S. policy toward the satellites.

- 2. From all information available to date, NFE did not invite the Europerian people to revolution.
- 3. From all information available to date, NYE did not directly or by implication imply that American aid would be forthcoming to the patriots any more
  than did statements by American governmental leaders imply that such aid would be
  forthcoming.
- 4. The chremology of events in Kongary and the statements of Ince Negy and of James Maker make it clear that the uprising resulted from 10 years of Soviet repression and was finally sparked by the shooting on October 23rd of peaceful demonstrators, and did not result from any exterious force such as RFE broadcasts or Free Europe Leaflets.