# July 5, 1957 Journal of Soviet Ambassador to the DPRK A.M. Puzanov for 5 July 1957

#### Citation:

"Journal of Soviet Ambassador to the DPRK A.M. Puzanov for 5 July 1957", July 5, 1957, Wilson Center Digital Archive, AVPRF F. 0102, Op. 13, P. 72, Delo 5, Listy 131-145. Translated for NKIDP by Gary Goldberg.

https://wilson-center-digital-archive.dvincitest.com/document/115630

### **Summary:**

Puzanov and Nam II discuss the KWP CC Presidium's violation of Leninist norms during the August Plenum, possible leadership transitions in the KWP CC, and how the KWP is handling individual dissidents. Later, Puzanov discusses the CPSU CC's approval for education and cultural exchange as well as the Plenum's June decisions with Pak Jeong-aei.

#### **Credits:**

This document was made possible with support from ROK Ministry of Unification

## **Original Language:**

Russian

#### **Contents:**

Translation - English

5 July 1957

I visited Nam II at his invitation.

Nam II reported that a KWP CC Presidium meeting was held on 4 July which unanimously approved the CPSU CC Plenum Resolution. No questions arose and no other opinions were expressed.

I informed Nam II that [Kan Sang Ho] (Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs) can come to the USSR for treatment and rest. This was promptly relayed by telephone by [Kan Sang Ho], who reported that the plane will leave on 6 July.

In the conversation which was held Nam II said that the anti-Party group in the KWP CC unmasked at the August (1956) plenum had not given up its fight and has a number of supporters in the Party. However, Nam II did not cite any instances of their factional activity (I know from our specialist consultant for the MVD that agent surveillance is being conducted of leaders of the group but is not noticing any cases of their factional activity).

Nam II said that at the August plenum KWP CC members also were angered by the behavior of the anti-Party group and unanimously condemned their activity against the KPW CC leadership. But we still had to hold a September CC plenum with the participation of Cdes. A. I. Mikoyan (from the CPSU) and Peng Dehuai (from the CPC).

In connection with this comment I told Nam II:

At the CPSU CC Plenum the participants of the anti-Party group and those who associated themselves with them spoke several times and were given an opportunity to say everything which they considered necessary. After comprehensive and deep consideration and discussion CPSU CC Presidium members unanimously condemned the anti-Party activity of the group (60 people spoke, the rest submitted requests [podali zayavleniya]). The decision was adopted unanimously with one abstention (Molotov). At the August KWP CC plenum no one from the group named by Nam II was allowed to speak, no one was given an audience, and several people were expelled from the CC and the Party. This was a clear violation of Leninist norms of Party life. Therefore Cdes. Mikoyan and Peng Dehuai arrived. But, as is well known, they did not look into the correctness or incorrectness of the proposals which several KWP CC members wanted to make, but directed attention to the gross violation of the norms of intra-Party life by the delegates.

Nam II agreed, but tried to justify this by the fact that the KWP CC plenum members were angered the slanderous attacks made by [Yung Kon Khym] at the beginning of his speech at the plenum (they didn't let him finish it).

I objected to such an explanation and reminded [him] that both the KWP CC Presidium (at the moment Cdes. Mikoyan and Peng Dehuai arrived) and Cde. Kim II Sung in a conversation with me on 9 April of this year admitted that they had acted incorrectly by violating the Leninist norms of Party life.

Nam II asked whether I had been able to inform the CPSU CC leadership of the situation which had developed about the issue of the candidacy for the post of Chairman of the DPRK Cabinet of Ministers.

I replied that it had not been possible to do this because I came here immediately after the Plenum to inform Cde. Kim II Sung about the decisions of the Plenum.

Nam II again repeated what it was very dangerous to appoint Choe Yong-geon [Choe Yong Gon] premier, and that he makes many mistakes both in DPRK domestic and foreign policy.

I asked Nam II what opinion Kim II Sung had expressed.

Nam II replied as follows:

In a recent conversation Kim II Sung said that he would talk with Choe Yong-geon about transferring him to Party work in the KWP CC. But he, Nam II, objected and made another suggestion:

Leave Kim II Sung as premier, and he is to be chairman of the KWP CC in order to preside over the KWP CC, but institute the post of KWP CC first secretary to manage all the work and choose Kim II as first secretary, then Kim II can be elected premier in two or three years. In Nam II's words, Kim II Sung said that he will think about this suggestion.

Nam II said that a considerable number of military officials actively support Choe Yong-geon; there are people among them who were opposed to adopting Soviet military tactics during the war and he, Nam II, who worked then as Chief of the General Staff, had to struggle with them. He named in particular Pak II-u, former DPRK representative in the HQ of the Chinese people's volunteers. In this connection I was interested in what position Pak II-u is now.

Nam II replied that Pak II-u was released from arrest and lives with family (This is true. Pak II-u lives with family outside the city, but under guard. The investigation against him has been halted). The issue of sending him to the PRC has already been decided. The leadership has charged Kim II, when he is to be in China with the draft of the five-year plan, to sound out how the Chinese friends now view Pak II-u coming to China. If [their] opinion has not changed then Pak II-u will be permitted to leave for the PRC.

X X X

I visited Pak Jeong-ae [Pak Jong Ae] and informed her that the KWP CC's request has been granted about the acceptance of 16 people in the CPSU CC's Higher Party School and three people in the CPSU CC's Academy of Social Sciences, and also to familiarize graduates of the Higher Party School with the work experience of Party organizations.

Pak Jeong-ae thanked the CPSU CC for the favorable decision of the issues raised.

I informed Pak Jeong-ae of the offer of Cde. Mukhitdinov, 1st Secretary of the CP CC of Uzbekistan, to organize a socialist competition and exchange delegations between the Korean "Zarya Vostoka" collective farm managed by a Korean woman (Cde. Mukhitdinov visited this collective farm during his visit to the DPRK in 1956) and the Uzbek Tel'man collective farm in Andizhan Oblast' managed by an Uzbek, a Hero of Socialist Labor.

Pak Jeong-ae said that this is a very good suggestion and promised to inform the CC leadership and report the answer.

At Pak Jeong-ae's request I briefly informed her of the decision of the June CPSU CC Plenum.

Pak Jeong-ae stated that she fully approves of the CPSU CC Plenum decision and that yesterday, 4 July, the KWP CC Presidium heard Cde. Kim Il Sung's report on this issue and unanimously approved the CPSU CC Plenum decision.

Pak Jeong-ae reported that she could not go to the Soviet Union for treatment and rest in connection with the appointment as Chairman of the Central Election Commission for elections to the Supreme People's Assembly.