

September 11, 1970

Letter, UNCURK Principal Secretary Kuzbari to UN Chef de Cabinet Narasimhan, Concerning ROK National Assembly Debates

Citation:

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Summary:

Principal Secretary of the UNCURK Zouheir Kuzbari updates Chef de Cabinet of the UN C.V. Narasimhan on the ROK National Assembly debates. The debates focused on ROK national security, unification, and US relations.

Original Language:

English

Contents:

Original Scan

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UNITED NATIONS



NATIONS UNIES

UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION FOR THE UNIFICATION AND REHABILITATION OF KOR (UNCURK)

Robert September 1970

CONFIDENTIAL

Seoul, 11 September 1970

Dear Mr. Narasimhan,

Attention this week has been focussed on the interpellations of the Cabinet members in the National Assembly where problems related to national security, unification and relations with the United States have been widely commented on. Although the statements made by the Government's spokesmen on the above issues tended to be vague and ambiguous, the general tone of the debates in the National Assembly suggests that the Government has been challenged to come out with clear and definite statements regarding those issues.

On the question of unification, Prime Minister Chung Il Kwon reiterated the position stated earlier by President Park Chung Hee in his speech of 15 August 1970 calling for unification of both North and South Korea in accordance with the previous resolutions of the United Nations. Some members of the National Assembly have pressed on the Government to submit a detailed and precise plan which should contain concrete suggestions regarding cultural exchange with North Korea, but the Prime Minister turned this down and stated that no plan could be made unless the North Koreans first accept President Park's formula for unification. There were also considerable debates regarding the existing anti-communist laws. Some members of the National Assembly have asked that these laws should be amended in order to allow a free debate in the country regarding the question of unification, but again the Prime Minister stated that this would not take place until the North Korean regime changes its policy towards South Korea. Two members from the opposition New Democratic Party also pressed on the Government to change its "rigid" diplomacy and suggested that the Government should seek trade and cultural relations with the socialist countries in eastern Europe.

The US-ROK bilateral talks regarding the modernization of the South Korean armed forces have been resumed this week. It was reliably stated that the US Government has made it known that it would only commit itself to a sum of \$1.5 billion over

Mr. C.V. Narasimhan Chef de Cabinet United Nations New York

a period of five years to modernize the ROK armed forces. The modernization programme will take into consideration of providing the ROK with heavy equipment which would put South Korea on a parity with the military forces of North Korea. One exception in this modernization programme is in the field of tactical aircraft where the US feels that it would be able to reinforce the South Korean air force in time of war from its neighbouring bases. On the other hand, the ROK Ministry of Defence has reacted strongly against the suggestion that the ROK forces should man the portion of the Demilitarized Zone, which is now guarded by the US forces, and that after the complete withdrawal of the US forces from South Korea, the latter would only provide guards at the armistice site in Panmunjom. The Ministry stated in this connexion that such steps are "unthinkable" under the present circumstances.

With warmest personal regards,

Yours sincerely,

Lake Kylen

Zouheir Kuzbari Principal Secretary