

September 15, 1955 Visit to Radio Free Europe by NATO Officers

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Summary:

Record of an informational visit to RFE by NATO military officers in the midst of a conference on psychological warfare. Attached are detailed descriptions of its operations that RFE provided to the officers.

Original Language:

English

Contents:

Original Scan

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0945 - 1000	Visitors arrive at RFE, proceed to Studio One.		
0,4) - 1000	progr		
1000 - 1015	Coffee.		
1015	Welcome by Mr. Condon and outline of RFE mission and scope.		
1030	Political situation in the Satellites and PRISH TARGETS" - Mr. Griffith.		
1050	RFE Programming - Mr. Bell.		
1115	Information Gathering - Mr. Michie.		
1140	Information Evaluation - Mr. Heat. RICHTER		
1200	Recess.		
1215	RPE's Technical Facilities - Mr. Quinn.		
1230	Free Europe Press Balloon Operations - Mr. Weaver.		
1255	Adjourn for "Dutch" luncheon with RFE staff at Chinese Tower Restaurant.		
1425	Return to RFE, Studio One.		
1430	Effectiveness of broadcasts and leaflets - Mr. Sorensen.		
1450	Questions and Answers.		
1510	Tour of Studio Building.		
1600	Visitors depart for Neubiberg.		

Wilson Cen@ridDirait& Anchive RADIO FREE EUROPE CRUSAGE FREEDOM



FACT SHEET

WHAT IS REE?

Radio Free Europe is a division of the Free Europe Committee, Inc., an organization set up by a group of private American citizens in 1949. Both the Committee and its striking arm, R.F.E., receive support from the Crusade for Freedom.

Radio Free Europe is a network of five stations, utilizing 29 transmitters located in West Germany and Portugal. The five stations, which broadcast to Poland, Czechoslovskii, Hungary, Romania and Bulgaris, are aimed at a population of 70 million people. The first principal them truth, hope and encouragement to bolster their determination to shake off the Soviet yoke. R F. E. gives these millions the facts and information with which they create their own "People's Opposition" to the Communist regimes. It counters the Red campaign of confuse-and-divide, and it makes it difficult for the Kremlin to integrate and consolidate its captive populations. Thus it is a deterrent to renewed Soviet accreasion.

Radio Free Europe has grown from a tiny 7½ kilowatt mobile transmitter to its present size in a short four years. It now broadcasts to Czechoslovakia alone a total of 20 hours a day.

D F F FFFFCTHENESS

R.F.E.'s effectiveness is well-proven. The testimony of countless escapees proves it. Letters mailed and sungicide through the Inno Cartain prove it. Soviet reaction and satelline attacks on R.F.E. prove it. The Communist attacks, continuous and in great volume, clearly show that R.F.E. has gotten under the skins of the Reds. Communist collaborators denounced over R.F.E. have changed their names, reformed or attempted to conciliate the workers they terrorized — that, too. demonstrates the impact of R.F.E.'s "truthcasts".

JAMMING

R.F.E. gets through — despite the fact that the Reds speed more money annually trying to jam out Western broadcast than R.F.E. speeds triansmitting them. In the constant effort to stay ahead of the Red jammers, R.F.E.'s primary weapons are advanced engineering techniques and professional know-how. A variety of methods frustrates the Red jammers. One of the most effective is the R.F.E. device of turning all off its transmitters onto one rapet for a certain period of the day, making a sieve out of the Iron Curtain and generating a volume which makes jamming ineffective.

THE BALLOON OPERATION

Coordinated with R.F. E. 's broadcasts, Crusade for Freedom sends printed matter via balloons to Czechoslovskia and Hungary as well. Millions of messages of truth are flown by balloon over the Iron Curtain. The effectiveness of the balloon campaign can be gauged by the more than four hundred radio-press attacks and official protests of the Communists. The balloon campaignstarted two vers ago.

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CRUSADE FOR FREEDOM

The entire Free Europe Committee action program – particularly R.F. E. – gets added impetus from the American people's support of the Crusade for Freedom drives. The people behind the fron Curtain know that they are hearing the expression of millions of private Americans whose donations and assistance have helped R.F.E. and the Free Europe Committee grow throughout the past years.

A REACTION FROM BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN

Former Polish Air Force Lieutenant Franciszek Jarecki, who flew his MfG jet fighter to freedom in March 1953, say: "Radio Free Europe is the favorite radio station in Poland, horadcasting its programs throughout the day so everyone can listen. It gives us true information and enables the people to understand the lies of fleet propaganda. Its Voice of Free Poland considerably influences our decision of noral survival by answering so effectively the Communist propaganda which constatuly torments us."

AN EXILE NETWORK

R.F.E.: "Voice of Free Poland." its "Voice of Free Czechoslovakia." "Voice of Free Hungary,"
"Voice of Free Bugaria" are truly swile radio stations, reflecting
the views of democratic anti-Communist leaders who continue to fight for the freedom of their
homelands from R.F.E's autoflow. With American know-how to assist them, these swile leaders educators, statesmen, journalists, clergymen, entertainers and many others - have established
a network which enjoys the full travt of those enalwed by Communism.

TYPICAL R.F.E. PROGRAMS

Thumbnail sketches of typical R.F.E. programs follow:

Newscast

Every hour on the hour. Each day closes with news headlines broadcast at dictation speed and a half hour political commentary on the outstanding event of the day broadcast on "saturation service" to defeat jamming over twenty-three transmitters.

Political Commentaries

Usually follow news broadcasts. Commentaries cover both international news and "local developments of special interest to Czechoslovaks interpreted by informed and respected exiles.

r rogram r review

Six times daily immediately preceding the news. The equivalent of radio listings in newspapers.

The Other Side of the Coin

Daily analysis of regime propaganda based upon up-to-the minute monitoring of Czechoslowak radio and research of regime newspapers, designed to nail the lies of the Communists. Sometimes comments on news less than ten minutes after it has been announced by Radio Prague. Written between eight and eleven pm. this program is broadcast first late in the evening and repeated periodically throughout the next day.

Keligious Services

Live broadcasts direct from churches with nationality congregations as well as studio broadcasts for Catholic, Protestant and Jewish faiths.

Message:

Daily survival program in two parts: the first, an expose of Communist informers and officials who

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exploit the people and endanger the security of the individual; the second part, coded messages from escapees back to their friends and relatives.

To the Farmer

A daily agricultural program for the farm family. Sometimes a husband and wife discussion. Comments on farming conditions within the specific country and reports on news of agriculture in the Western world and the nations within the Soviet bloc.

Labor Program

Daily, sometimes in dialogue, sometimes in dramatic form. Prepared by leaders of labor groups now in exile and trained radio writers. Reports on progress of labor in the free world as well as

Fighting Church

Prominent church leaders in exile speak to their people bringing them not only hope for the future, but constructive advice for the present. Programs such as "Elpiting Church" strive to help pacents instill religious values in their children and maintain their own faith and worship in an atheistic state.

Tuesday with L

Musical variety show to Czechoslovakia featuring the original songs of composer-pianist Joe Stelibsky, one of Czechoslovakia's best known tunesmiths, now in exile Features non-political popular music as well as original songs satirizing current events in Czechoslovakia'

Europe without the Iron Curtain

Advises listeners of developments in the movement for a federated Europe. Prepares them for the Europe of which they may be a part in the event of liberation Features interviews with individuals prominent in the European community and on-the-spot coverage of important conferences.

Music

Two, forty minute periods of music daily - symphony, opera, light classics and folk songs. Stress is placed on traditional national music which is suppressed or distorted by the Communists.

Youth Program

Hegular daily time segments are consistently devoted to programs for young people. Round table discussions, radio dramas, news about scouling, sports, camping and international youth organizations are featured. Young people are counseled on survival without submission to the regime and urged to think, read and develop their judgment.

Women's Program

Daily, devoted to the role of woman and the family under Communism. News of fashion, food and women's activities both in the West and within the specific country is reported. Famous women in exile are interviewed. Teen-age girls addressed once a week.

The American Woman at work

Four part series of programs describing the place of American women in the working world, the careers open to them, the conditions of work, integration of careers and marriage, etc.

Parents, Take Care of Your Children

Urges parents to capitalize on the holiday months when their children are more often at home by leading them in democratic ways. Gives specific advice for combatting the effect of Communist indoctrination on a child's thinking.

Polish Tea Part

A variety, satirical program patterned after a pre-war Polish program; "Katjus", a simple but crafty peasant boy, and his "Aunt," a funny gossipy old woman, and a large cast spoof the

Communist regime in Poland with laughter and song. Theme song "Let Us Be Gas." reported to be so popular that it is whistled on the streets and sung by laborers travelling to work. "Hungarian Light Varieties" and "Kohout's Kabaret" are its counterparts to Hungary and Czechoslovakia

Calling the Communist Party

Daily show addressed to party members. Spreads doubt and dissension inside the pirty. Aims to demoralize Communist officials and paralyze the functions of the Party.

I Chase Freedow

Interviews with refugees usually recorded by RFE reporters at D.P. camps in Germany. Escapees describe conditions leading to their flight and their reception in the West.

Round Table Discussion

Ad lib airing of opinions on important events in the news by authoritative people and RFE news

habout's kabasas

Variety, satirical show featuring Jara Kohout, a comedian, singer, and movie actor well-known in Czechoslovakia. Weapons of wit and music effectively employed against the Communist regime.

Retween Two Coewheel

Hungarian dramatic show pointing out the weaknesses and mendacity of Communism through personal stories

Linctors Talk it Ove

Medical program written by doctors and demonstrating the advances of sciences in the free Western world as opposed to the inadequacies of health and medical facilities in Communist countries

Insude LSA

Describes the people and forces that have shaped America. Designed to illustrate concretely how the principles of democracy and freedom have been forces in creating the high technological, economic and humanitarian standards of U.S.

How to Survivo

Constructive advice on how to live, develop mental judgment, prepare for the future and avoid trouble from the Communist regime

Children's Program

Games, fairy tales, dramas and songs for children. Non-political but designed to develop moral values and sustain national traditions.

Date with Eve

Non-political disc jockey program featuring American jazz and popular music.

To the Arm

Talks to military personnel and their families. Features interviews with army defectionists whenever possible. Emphasis on the strength of the free world. Shows the captive people how Communist leaders jolan to exploit CSR army for Soviet purposes.

We Accuse

Case histories of specific communists who are known to be particularly cruel in exploiting the people. Accuses them by name, lists their misdeeds, and warns them that retribution is sure unless their ways change.

Father Speaks to Son

Exile in America speaks weekly to his son who is a functionary of the government and a member

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of the Workers' Party. Comments on world events, and on a personal man-to-man basis point out the weakness of Communism.

Science and Invention

Points out the advancement of science in the free world and emphasizes its strength.

Through the Capitol Window

First hand report from Washington.

Czechs and Slovaks in the West

Describes the life and experiences of exiles living in the West. On the spot reportage by RFE reporters. Aims to strengthen ties of Czechoslovakians with the free world.

Sports Column

World sports developments with emphasis when possible, on exile performers.

Play of the Week

Dramatization by RFE radio actors of an important play, usually one that is being performed cur rently in Europe or in the United States.

Cultural Program

Sustains native cultures which Russians try to destroy or distort.

How it Really Happened

Objective history lessons pointing out distortions and omissions in Communist history text books

Belief and the World

Religious program showing the strength of spiritual values and their influence on the world

ABC of Democracy

Description of the way democracy and democratic institutions develop and operate both in the U.S. and elsewhere.

Questions from Home

Replies to questions in letters received from behind the Iron Curtain. Spot announcements on RFE inform listeners of the changing and anonymous box number to which mail may be addressed.

Movies

Reviews of important Western films sometimes including music from film. A link with the Western world and pre-Communist days when American films and movie stars were popular in Eastern and Central Europe.

Book of the Week

Review of a significant novel, biography, or political book.

The Poet's Corner

Sunday afternoon interlude of poetry and music designed for relaxation and reflection

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RADTO FREE EUROPE

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

HISTORY & DESCRIPTION OF TECHNICAL FACILITIES

TRANSMITTER FACILITIES

Target Transmitter

Badio Pree Burope started its operation on July 4th, 1950, in the woods of Lamperthein, near Prankfurt, Germany. A sobile 1,500 watt short wave trunsmitter housed in seven trailer wams was first employed. All program material was at that time prepared in the New York studies and flown into Germany on a daily basis. Shortly thereafter a permanent installation was started to replace the mobile unit. At the same time two additional installations were begun. Holkstroben 155,000 watt some wave and two 10,000 watt short wave bent that operation in Kay, 1951, on Biblist two 10,000 watt short wave in July, 1951. One month later the mobile 7,500 watt Lampertheim transmitter (affectionately micknamed "Barbara") was transported to Lisbon, where it again resumed broadcasting to the target countries. Munich was chosen for the studio and head-quarters' stic because of its central location.

Generacy was selected for the first REE transmitting site because of its precinity to actalitie countries, in that one hop transmission (which gives the least amount of signal attenuation) could be obtained to the target via the short waves. It was limited, however, or short wave to the 49.41 and 31 meter bank. Medium wave signals are ideal from Genany. In order to use the higher frequencies, liston was selected as it was propagationally ideal for the 25, 39 and 16 meter bands. This, then, gave HPE one hop transmission coverage in all of the inhermational short wave browdeness bands, as well as sedim wave, to all target areas. Each of the above installations have since grown in mabor of transmitter units, power output and antennas. (HZE Technical

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Relay Transmitters to Lisbon

In the USA, radio stations or networks such as RFE, are linked together by program lines supplied by the Bell Telephone System. However, in Europe such facilities are not available in all areas. While they are available in Germany itself, there are no program lines through Spain to Portugal. RFE had therefore to devise a system whereby its programs could be sent by radio to the Lisbon installation. At to the Lisbon receiver site, whereby they are received on triple diversity receiving apparatus and go out again from the Lisbon transmitters back to the target countries. In order to obtain the best results over the relay, in case of either jamming or poor propagation conditions, programs from the three main language desks are sent over two transmitters each. In two. The best transmission of the two in any language group is selected for rebroadcast. When one of the transmissions becomes jammed, Lisbon then requests Holzkirchen to change that particular language transmitter to clear frequency, where once again the program is continued. As many to maintain the best reception conditions. (RFE Physical and Technical Facilities Operational Chart).

Methods of Combatting Jamming

BPE decided initially that the best method to combat jamning was by quantity or mmobers of transmitting stations, rather than by fewer stations of higher power, since it was obvious that the Opposition did not have sufficient james transmitters to adequately cover the already existing services broadcasting into Soviet controlled territories. For this reason, if their jamning efforts could be kept behind scatal requirements (that is, lacking a sufficient number of jamesra to go around), then RF2's chances of interference-free transmissions would be increased. This also permit the use of several international bands for each language desk similtaneously. If one wave-length is jamed the linternation has a choice of several bands which MF2 built. The theory remains valid to this day, except in cases where increasing the number of transmitting stations in a given area is no langer feasible, due to frequency or wave-length lintations which prohibit further expansion. In this case the only alternative is to find locations where wave-lengths are available, or to increase the power of existing radio transmitters, in order to maintain its lead over the Opposition's efforts.

RFE is also striving to increase the power of its existing technical facilities insofar as economically possible.

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RFE TECHNICAL FACILITIES CHART

RADIO STATION	POWER	BROADCAST TO	DATE FIRST ON AIR
Biblis 1	20.000 watts	Czechoslovakia	11 July 51
Biblis 2	50,000 watts	Poland	6 Oct. 51
Biblis 3	50,000 watts	Hungary	18 Nov. 51
Biblis 4	50,000 watts	Poland	8 Jul. 52
Biblis 5	10.000 watts	Hungary	12 May 53
Biblis 6	10,000 watts 10,000 watts	Hungary	15 May 53
Biblis 7	10,000 watts	Poland	20 May 53
Biblis 8	10,000 watts	Czechoslovakia	25 May 53
Biblis 9	3,000 watts		
Holzkirchen MWT	135,000 watts	Czechoslovakia	1 May 51
mitter)	110-		
Holzkirchen l	10,000 watts	Relay transmitter to Lisbon	1 Dec. 51
Holzkirchen 2	10,000 watts		1 Jan. 52
Holzkirchen 3	10,000 watts		1 Dec. 52
Holzkirchen 4	10,000 watts		1 Dec. 52
Holzkirchen 5	10,000 watts		25 Jan. 53
Holzkirchen 6	10,000 watts		25 Jan. 53
Holzkirchen 7	3,000 watts	Cue transmitter to	29 Sept 54
		Lisbon	
Cham MB-50	50,000 watts	Czechoslovakia	2 Dec. 53
Lisbon 1		Czechoslovakia	25 Dec. 53
Lisbon 2	50,000 watts	Poland	25 Dec. 51
Lisbon 3	50,000 watts	Hungary	27 Mar. 52
Lisbon 4	50,000 watts	Hungary	27 Mar. 52
Lisbon 5	50,000 watts 50,000 watts	Hungary	1 Nov. 52
Lisbon 6	50,000 watts	Poland	1 Nov. 52
Lisbon 7	50,000 watts	Hungary	12 Dec. 52
Lisbon 8	50,000 watts	Poland	1 Jan. 53
Lisbon 9		Poland	24 Dec. 53
Lisbon 10	100,000 watts	Czechoslovakia	25 Dec. 53
Lisbon 11	100,000 watts		24 Feb. 54
Lisbon 12	100,000 watts	Czechoslovakia	24. Feb. 54
Lisbon 13	7,500 watts	Czechoslovakia	3 July 51
Lisbon 14	3,000 watts	Cue transmitter to	21 Sep. 54
		Munich only	

(Figures are as of today - they are subject to change)

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The Monitoring Section, one part of the News and Information Service, constitutes the ears of RED's Program Deaks. By listening to the hone transmissions of radio stations behind the Iron Curtain - that is, the broadcasts which the Communist regimes beam to their own people - REPS gleans a great deal of information about the internal situation of the satellite countries, the propaganda tactics of the Communists and, by reading between the lines, the reaction of the people.

Information acquired in this way and combined with radages reports gathered by FFE correspondents stationed along the western side of the Iron Ourtain affords quite a comprehensive picture of conditions in the East. In addition, much valuable material is picked up mechanically by Morse and Hellechrether* from the Eastern European wire services in English, Fronch, and other languages (Tams. OTK, PAP, MTI, ADM, Tanyus, Agorpress, FTA, and ATA), which combines with the aurial monitoring to form the grint of the mill for Program Deaks.

It is one of the worders of American engineering that in addition to their propagnia beamed abroad, we are able to hear so many of the self-rewealing local broadcasts, because in most cases the Curtain stations are not concerned with reaching beyond their own borders - whereas American equipment and techniques have canabled us to "pull in" stations from great distances. This is of high importance just because the local flavor of these broadcasts spell scenting to the exiles who are working in Muntch formulating the free world's manyor to them.

At present 35 Ourtain stations are monitored regularly, 4 to 6 others on apot basis. In the ocurse of a week twelve languages will be used. The daily intake by sural monitoring runs between 45,000 and 48,000 words. On some heavy days the total monitoring intake (including news services, monitored mechanically) will run better than 200,000 words. In any services this is an artireally heavy volume. However, when it is considered that the bulk of this material is highly apocialized, dealing with specific targets, it can be seen that this great volume is necessary, in order to keep from the highly diversified fields of programming. We suffer periods of strangulation when stoopheries out off one country or another, and the fact that we have a good cushion of wordage to fall back on eachles the dasks, through close orgos-reporting, to weather the estbacks.

As Radio Free Europe comprises actually five radio stations in one, so the Monitoring Section, which employs 51 persons, is broken down into nine sub-sections according to the country monitored;

* A NOTE ABOUT THE HELLSCHREIBER:

The Hellschreiber is little known outside Europe. It is a short-wave and longwave transmitting and receiving system at slow speed, and can be copied over great distances. It is, perhaps, a forerunner of radio-teletype.

The fact that most of the satellites use Hellschreiber for at least part of their news transmission is a windfall for RFE, for it means that we can have much of their news output as soon as, or even before their own newspapers. The Hellschreiber enables RFE editors to dissect the satellites news budget and be on the air with our answers to it often before it has appeared in the local press.

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- 1. The three major monitored nub-sections Geoch-Slovak, Emagarian, and Folish supply three agoir program Desks with news, political commentaries, dramatic programs, economic and labor reporter, etc. in short, all types of material which can be used for full-feature programs. One of the most successful types of program is that which makes direct answer to false statements and misleading information from the Gommitt radio, much as the Foliah and Geochool-wak The Other Side of the Goir and the Hungarian 'Beflector' programs. Such programs as these are based almost exclusively upon monitoring reports.
- The Romanian and Bulgarian Monitoring sub-sections supply much the same acrt of material to their respective program desks, though on a comechat smaller scale. They also supply supplementary material to the three major desks, who keep a weather eye out for significant developments in all other satellites.
- 5. Nore collateral information is provided by the Russian, Serbo-Croat, Albanian, and East-German sub-section. The Russian sub-section keeps up with daily broadcasts of Radio Moscow, including the daily PRAVDa editorial, which sets the pattern for the day's journalistic line in the satellite press. The East-German sub-section has been operating at full strength since the june 27, 1955 revolt in the East Zone. As the show-window of Community sortivity and policy, East Germany is watched attentively by all the radio desix of EFE.

The Monitoring Section givers the red broadcasts from 0500 hours to 0100 hours the following morning. Peak operation hours are in the early morning, when most of the satellite regime editorials for the day are broadcast, and the evening hours. A broad schedule such as this is covered by means of shift work and tape recordings, the latter also serving as a means for covering similaneous programs from the same country. Frequently, important events, such as speeches, Party congresses, etc., require overtime work.

"Botation" for Speed; Aspecial "rotation" system for speedy handling of important speedbes was wriefd only by the Mingarian sub-section. By transcribing the speech in relay style, 15 minutes at a time, the first monitor is able to finish and rush to the aditors the first quarter hour of the program in time to pick up the fifth quarter hour; whe second monitor takes the second and sixth quarter houre; and so on. In this way, the aditors and translators have the whole speech only minutes after the end of the broadcast.

In order to have the closest possible lisison with the working desks, three sub-sections (Gonch-Slowing, Hüngarian and Folish) are loasted on the second floor of the English Garden building, receiving their progress piped in from the receiving stations. From a central panel in the Monitoring roose these signals are relayed to the desired magnetowners, where the monitors may listen directly to the program while it is being recorded on taps. Lines may also be "pathod" from the monitoring roos panel directly into conference roose of the corresponding Program Desks, smabling sumbers of the Concholouvak Desk, for example, to listen int to a round table on sconnatos from Radio Prague and to go on the air immediately afterwards with their own round table of comment and analysis.

In all operations the monitoring sub-sections are geared to the speediest possible distribution of the news. On occasion, RFE has been able to scoop both the West and the East. For example, in the case of Stallin's death, the Beria purge, Wilson Cen@ri@reata&@archive

and Kalenkov's resignation, MFS picked up the news from TASS and broadcast it to the satellite countries as much as two hours before Moscow amnumeed it to them. In the case of the illness of Cottwall, former Fresident of Coechnalowakia, in 1955, RFS socoped the West press by as much as three hours, having received the news directly from Radio Prague. Routine news bulletinn reach key persons on each desk within minutes after they are received - in the form of carbon copies of the monitor's transcription. The original, a sittle stencil, is then run off and distributed (in the original language) to various departments upon request. Seweral copies of each go by air express to New York daily.

In addition to the original language Monitoring, which covers verbatim all a daily English summary of the Enmitteed news. Known as the Monitorian gub-sections publish a daily English summary of the Enmitteed news. Known as the Monitoring Habilitable, this summary goes to all Desks. Assuming to 5,000-7,000 verds, it is also sent daily over a low-cost, leased radio-teletype circuit to the Sew York EFG office, where it forms the beast for discussion at New York's morning meetings. This is important, as it keeps New York in hour-to-hour touch with the pattern of Gurtain developments. Needless to say, the Highlights, being published in English, are invaluable for cross-reporting among the various different language desks. They form, for instance, one of the few ways in which the Polish Desk keeps in touch with events in Bungary.

One of the fascinating facets of Monitoring is the human side. At present, some 40 erilae from Curtain countries are working side by side with Americans and Germans. They travel on "Stateless" passports and have found second homse in many different countries, Germany, Frame, Switzerland, England and Thaly, Despite treesdown language berriers in the beginning, they have been init into a smooth-running organization. German is the chief language of inter-communication, and many now speak Englash.

There has been a very satisfying development of language talent among the monitors. Many have attended English or German classes on their own and where they have shown interest and sbility, the Americans in the Monitoring Section have worked with them to improve their Buglish, against the time when they may emigrate. A practical by-product of this has been the development of translation talent, so that at present it is possible to get practically any Outsian language into either German or English quickly for more efficient use by more EFE departments. Also, within the section itself a great deal of interchangeability has been developed. It is not hard for a Slowak to understand the Geed Language withis we do have one Bussiand up, Nagalawa can halp in both of these Languages, while we do have one Bussiand who knows Secto-Croat and one Albanian who can do both Serbe-Croat and

The great value of monitored voice broadcasts from behind the Iron Oursian is that they give a day-to-day picture of life in the Oursian countries, which voild newer emerge from the satellite propagands broadcasts beamed shroad. Set against the beakground of the personal experience of the national editors, these domestic obreadcasts acquire a special significance to them and form the basic raw materials of the programs which they write for broadcasts by FFS.

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EFFECTIVENESS OF RADIO FREE EUROPE

When all is said and dome about the facilities, the policies and the broadcasts of Radio Free Europe, the ultimate question remains: Are the programs reaching the hearts and minds of people behind the Iron Curtain?

It is not enough to command the ears of a large audience; the crux of "effectiveneen" is the shilly to influence the actions, as well as the thinking of the listeners. In other words: Is Radio Free Europe vinting friends for the West and for the cause of freedom, and undermining the authoritarian grip of the Kremlin and its puppet regimes in Eastern Europe?

There is no simple, absolute answer to this question. Psychological warfare is not an isolated phenosenon, but is interovers with the political, economic and military components of the Gold War between the Pree West and the Kremin. Its ultimate uncess therefore is linked with the outcome of all other Gold War activities. Purthermore, public opinion polls are not yet sanotioned behind the Iron Outlan — hence, not even the approximate findings that may be derived from such polls are available.

In the face of these limitations in evaluating Eadio Free Europe's effectiveness, there is a mounting body of direct and circumstancial evidence indicating that HFF programs are influencing the thinking and the actions of the captive peoples, and of the Communit regimes themselves. Although much of this evidence is accumulated, correlated and analyzed by FFE itself, a good deal of it is obtained from outside sources, such as HEV's skilled analysts who evaluate the impact of intermational broadcasts.

This evidence of effectiveness is manifested in the following ways:
1) Letters from behind the Iron Curtain, 2) Reports from seconese
from satellite countries. 3) Communist measures to frighten and frustrate
the listening awdience. 4) The contents of official Communist reports,
designed not for propaganda purposes but for internal Party use.
5) Communist propagands attacks against RFE. 6) Official regime

5) Communist propaganda attacks against RFE. 6) Official regime protests against RFE operations. 7) Positive action by the regimes resulting from pressure by RFE broadcasts. 8) Positive actions by the people themselves as a result of specific RFE campaigns.

A brief explanation of each of these evidences of program effectiveness follows:

 Hundreds of letters from RFE's target countries are received annually from workers, peasants, teachers, students, housewives, intellectuals, shopkeepers, young people and even members of the Party, the police and armed forces. Some letters are channeled through the regular mails,

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- 2 -

some are sampled out. Many letters include detailed analyses of FFE programs, proving that Community that the community of the town to the state of the state of

- 2) Escapese consistently report that RFE is piercing Communist jamming and that the programs are videly heard and given extensive vord-of-mouth circulation. Interviews with refugees which are conducted as scientifically as possible in order to separate fact from fiction reveal that the satellite people depend on RFE as their point of contact with the free world and their countrymen now living in the west. The Folish Airforce pilot, Francissek Jarockt, who flow his jet plane to West Germany, made the following statement: "There are three things the Communists cannot kill: what mother said about God and Foland, what one's own heart dictates and what Endic Free Europe tells us."
- 3) The regimes have devimed many ways to discourage radio listenership though tuning in on Western breadcasts is not officially a crimeship though tuning in on Western breadcasts is not officially a crime. In Emparian communities, for example, the Communists have recruited "distening couples" with instructions to drop in on neighbors unexpectedly and report if they are listening to Western breadcasts especially EFE. In some communities, family dogs were seized by local authorities (on the pretent of canine disease epidemics) because the dogs interfered with the spying of the "distening couples" by barking varnings of their arrival.
- 4) Official Communist reports stress the danger of RFE to the regimes. One report, prepared by the Humgarian Minister of Defense, stated: "The most dangerous effect of Radio Free Burope is that it results not but in atamised resistance, which is easily detected and supressed, but in atamised resistance which is more difficult to control. For example, a Radio Free Burope program recently compared the situation in Humgary to a former despotic ers: "the effect of broadcasts of this kind is that they create resistance among Humgarian soldiers to the Army's Russification program."

Sometimes unofficial but equally authentic reports of this nature reach FFS. For example, a high official in the Polish Osemminst government, in a personal conversation in the West that he never dreamed would be repeated, said: Radio Free Europe is accomplishing the work of the opposition in Poland. It is the mortal enemy of the regime, which would offer any amount of money if it could permade them to abolish this radio station."

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- 3 -

Another Polish official revealed RFE's extensive "word-of-mouth" circulation by the following statement at a Department of Propaganda and Agitation meeting: "One radio set in each village is quite sufficient to poison the peasants' minds with (Western) calummies and ites."

5. A cardinal rule of psychological warfare is not to dignify or advertise hostile propagands by replying to it. The Communiat regimes (and Moscov as well) have consistently broken this rule in regard to Badio Free Burpes. In doing so, they have become BFF2 best publicity agents. Buring the past year, the Goschoslowak regime in particular has gone beyond its unumal frantic invective against IFFE; it now quotes programs, in substance and in depth, then tries to refute them in an effort to minimize their stations, newspapers, magnitume and specimenators continues. Bere are a few typical lines from a recent article in <u>Rude Pravo</u>, the official Community organ in Prague.

"On the waves of the American 'Free Burope' a former (Geech) leader was heard lately. This time be tried, as much as his vorm-out strength permitted, to 'prove' that a peaceful co-existence of the countries of the Socialist and Communist camp is absolute nonemene. Yes, that is the way the refugee gang talk from their American and Munich dens. For a few dirty dollars, they talk like Hitler, and Muscelini, the language of the Wall Street armament manufacturers.. The ground is collapsing under these traitors' feet.. However, our people as well as all the nations of the whole world are longing for peace, and fight for peace. A handful of nobodys won't spoil our victory, even though they howly tith volves for their Judas money."

The frequency of these attacks is illustrated in statistics on attacks by Czechoalovak propagands organs from April through September, 1954. During this period, Radio Free Europe was the subject of more than 400 direct attacks (not including reprints and rebroadcaste) as against 49 attacks directed against there Western broadcasters. Nore than 100 radio attacks along by Czechoalovak atations were heard in September. In many cases, regime campaigms against RFE are spearheaded by instructions from Necotor

6) Almost from its birth, Radio Free Europe has been the target of official protests by the satellite regimes to the U.S. Government. Shortly after RFE's "Voice of Free Czechoslowkia" went on the air, in May 1951, the Czechoslowak regime violently protested the existence of RFE to the U.S. State Department. The demant to extinguish RFE (which was firmly rejected by our government) is apparently a measure of the regimes' fear of RFE, and an indication that RFE is reaching the people.

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- 7) There is considerable evidence that the programs have forced the regimes to take specific steps to protect themselves against the anger of the people. On several occasions RFS has expende sub-human living conditions in prisons and slave labor camps; in many of these cases, regime efficials felt obliged to improve conditions, and brutal guards (either through fear or honest shame) have improved their behavior. Another type of RFS "demunciary" program is that which exposes the identities of Communits scoret agents and informers. RFE has later received first hand information from refugees to the effect that regimes have been forced to dissuis those exposed by RFE (or transfer them to other regions) as their activities were rendered useless, and they becase object to founsities.
- 8) Possibly the ultimate test of "effectiveness" of propaganda is its ability to influence the actions of its listeners. In this respect FEE is simply a catalyst, giving its listeners the true facts and the noral strength to enable the to act in accordance with their local needs and desires. An example of a broadcasting campaign that resulted in concrete action by the people was initiated to Bingary in July 1955, when RFS set out to help the Bingarian peasants win concessions from the regime so they might improve their living conditions, while weakening the Communits Parly Power. In the following six months, almost 50% of the peasants on Bingarian collectives abandoned the state farms and returned to private farming. The blaze for this mass action was put squarely on RFS's shoulders by both the Prime Minister of Bingary and the Pirts Secretary of the Communits Parl.

In the face of this body of evidence regarding the effectiveness of its breadcasts, Radio Free Burpes is fully aware that psychological warfare is only one facet of the Gold War against Communism. Only through joint action by the vorla's free nations — in the spheres of political, economic and military cooperation as well as on the propaganda front — can Communism be stopped, short of war.

It is within this framework of joint action on a global scale that Radio Free Europe has attempted to develop an effective and dynamic weapon in the struggle to restore man's dignity and freedom where the curtain of Soviet darkness has fallen.

O'Midpinoal Seater Digital And A NEW WEAPON





The spoken and printed word benetrate the Iron Curtain in combined operations

FREE EUROPE PRESS Division of the

FREE EUROPE COMMITTEE, Inc.

Wilson Genter Digital Archive riginal Scanto

by 1933 it was clear that changes were occuring behind the Iron Curtain. The massive Plisen-Ostrava strike in May and the June riots in East Germany signalled the growing power of the people and the waning strength of the Communist regimes. The people had declared against the "People's Democracies."

After careful examination of the evidence, the lesson of "Prospero" was aptly summed up in the arithmetical formula "two plus two equal five." From this beginning grew the Free Europe Committee's current large-scale operations into Czechostovakia and Hungary (see below).

tions is this radio and printed matter and prosess unique qualities and advantages in an iong-term effort to break Soviet control ove Eastern and Central Europe. The printed wore Eastern and Central Europe. The printed work world's continuing interest in his fate, with detailed legal advice on how to exercise his right to leave the hated collective farm, with



NPE transmitters at Holzkirchen, RFE's Voice of Free Crecheslovakia and Voice of Free Hungary employ more than 150 announcers, script writers, political analysts and translators. Each broadcasts 20 program bours each day.



lio carries the spoken word and the "winds o edom" carry the printed word across the Iro retain, from the free world to the peoples o mmunist-dominated Czechoslovakia and Hungary

past his radio recouver for prevent requires iams that his radio recouvers can resect to work as speed impossible to their metals required to work the speed impossible to their metals over cities and fields reads Army barracks, over cities and fields reads Army barracks are possible for their property of their possible for possible for their possible for possible for their possible for possible for their possible for their possible for possible for possible for their possible for possible for their possible for their possible for possible for possible for their possible for th

Thus the two media reinforce one anothe adding a third dimensional quality to politic warfare across the Iron Curtain. Careful confination makes each part of a greater whole disaston makes and part of a greater whole



Long-range balloons bound for Hungary with messages selling forth the "Twelve Demands of the

Beginning April 29, 1954, Operation Veto introduced what is

printed word operational directed arises the first Cartan. To that extracting of the Community belongs wheeling the first Land are considered as the Community belongs wheeling the first Land are considered as the country, RETs Voice design of the Community of t

epeated eight times. With playing of songs, apot announcenents and reading of full leaflet texts, RFE continued to concentrate on the introduction of Operation Veto, Since then FFE programs to Czechoslovakia have maintained this close coordination with leaflet operations and have woven the themes of the Ten Demands and the spirit of the People's Opposition

both content and technique. New so new broadcast campaigns have an

each new leaflet. That the Communist regime

that the Communitary Teginha are Uniformly the unsubstant country in clear from the five her printed-word phase of the programs has introduced a constituting variety of materials the themes of the Propies (Opposition, including the Spage periodical, Swebodna EV to the Communitary of the Communi

ons of Bohemia, Moravia and Slovakia (see diagram for areas of penetration). The weight of balloon-borne printed material is more than 50 tons. he strategic plan of Coveration "Veto" is held and poved, but based on careful analysis of

Two-MCGUT 1933 MAY—AUGUST 9132

Bellioties date; spans and state of the state of th

unlocability of Czechoslovak Communist regime to unlereability of Czechoslovak Communist regime to mbladed operations. In the period May through ugust, 1933, there were 34 known attacks on the ce Europe Committee and its subsidiary operations, uring the corresponding period a year later there were 155 separate attacks on Operation Veto, PARTICIPATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

First copy of the 8-page airborne periodical, "Free Europe", sent to Czechoslovakia. In Czech and Slovak it sets forth the Ten Demands of the People's Opposition.



ical warfare directed across the Iron Curseeks liberation, but its methods are extheless gradual. Its present purpose is thus undermine the regime by restoring free Wilson Center Digital ArchiveOriginal Scan

quotas and industrial work norms, by restoring some degree of local autonomy and self-povernment. Operation "Veto" does not instruct the Czechoslovsk People's Opposition, it suggests specific, limited goals. It does not counsel the use of violent methods, but asks the Czech and Slovak people to work for the 10 Demands without endangering themselves, in the ways

The reaction of the Czechoslovak Communiregime to Veto gives vivid indication of U operation's effectiveness. On May 5 the Czechslovak, government made an official protest demanding that "the US government punish persons who have participated in the organ zation and execution of this campaign." T

"This foolish trick can only meet with ce tempt as far as the Czechoalovak working peoare concerned. For those whose bosses of the concerned the world exploiters, shower throughout the world call to the concerned to the concerned to the colonizers try to speak in these leaflets about it lights and social achievements of the works

The US government rejected the protes

It is understandable that the American people with seek by unit means as are credible to work seek by unit means as the credible to broads at the control of the control of

In the period of May through August there were 155 separate demunications and large-scale attempts to counter the effects of the radio-leaflet campaign. Regime reaction in this period ranged from attempted radio propaganda diversions of protest to a flood of hysterical news paper editorials arguing the issues raised by the counter of the period of the radio of the ra

The May issue of Slovo Agilatora [77]
Agilator's Handbook'1, a detailed instruct
booklet issued to all Communist functionar
in the cities, towns, and villages, devoted
major effort to a detailed "refutation" of
current issue of "Free Europe" (Approximat

Areas of concentration of Veto leaflets in Czecho

one million copies of this leaflet had been dropped over Czechoslovakia in the preceding

artlet messages Replying to the "Veto" agriultural campaign in mid-summer, the Czecholovak Minister of Bulk Purchasing angrily eclared over Redio Prague on August 7:

"It is the duty of every farmer to fulfill his deliveries and to reject the hostile attempts of the emigres who broadcast treason and scatter is over our country in teellets."

the same day Radio Prague declared:

...People's Opposition. This is the new ne for those who with the help of balloons, dispatching leadlets to our territory... What their advice? They want no harvest. The ps belong to those who cultivate them," they

Meanwhile evidence of the people's reaction in letters and refugee reports was mounting in the May-August period, showing that the people understood the implications of the campaign and supported it. A letter from Czecho-slovakia made a characteristic remark:

"... The balloon action is excellent Even body reads the messages. In some worksho and factories there is always someone w posts them on the door... They are even where, and no amount of gathering them.

Police patrols assigned to collect leaflets hav not "helped" the Communists to suppress th campaign, nor have fighter planes and soldier assigned to shout down ballooms.

Careful analysis shows deeper, more significant quins in the gradual realization of the To Demands, Although no decree has been issue because the control of the control of

ousing) the regime has been careful to cov

a serious, unprecedented question in the field of tree world political warfare? Could the fire world join in any degree of partnership will still not communist oppression in a set office and could such a partnership help to build the opposition's strength in sensible, effective way towards limited but attainable objectives? In the evidence which tends to answer than ch student who escaped from Czechoslovakia ing this period give a typical reaction from ide the country — he tells how his family and about the Ten Demands of the People's

That night we heard about the contents of the Ten Dennads, we all tell sitent. We were to very hoppy and could hardly speak, Finally y father said, ... With this sort of basis one on build and light against the Communist woverment because the resolution is elemand objective. By transplanting the Ten Dennads we could force the resines to change its



OPERATION "FOCUS"

ation updated by the Counter for Freedom. Learnheld on the Hompstam regime and, like its preferenceme, seeks to said the the Hompstam regime and, like its preferenceme, seeks to said the first considerable of the Counter for the Counter for the Counter Learnhelmer for the Counter for the Counter for the Counter The "12 Domanics of the National Operation Movement! The The "12 Domanics of the National Operation Movement! The counter for the of the possess and the relativity of private agriculture, for trade of the possess that the relativity of private agriculture, for trade of the possess that the counter for the Counter for the form backy to India Industry, in assess only a tere. Counter the

weakening it, are extremely great
Following established procedure, Operation "Focus" exploits
the combined resources of radio and printed matter, in the early
days of the operation, the Voice of Free Hungary operated on
a virtual round-the-clock schedule, hammering home the Manifestion of the National Opposition Movement and its 12 Demands.

entire program was known in the remotest corner of Hungary. The geographical position of Hungary, its relatively great distance from Isunching sites in West Germany, poses special problems for any balloon, action. To meet these difficulties a special balloon was developed, which together with a special reclease device for Isaliets, permits depth penetration. The success of these measures is reflected in the fact that on October 18, less than three weeks after the operation had begun, well over one NEW ZETT CELLED AND THE STATE OF THE STATE O

A CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE P

The "12 Demands of the National Opposition Movement," first leaf-

Three days earlier, on October 15, the Hungarian regime, notoriously slow to react to freeorld political warfare attacks, delivered an angry diplomatic note of protest to the United State gation in Budapest:

"Since the first days of October, balloon-transported lealies are dropping on the territory of Humany: According to the unanimous report of American and other news agencies the balloons are laundred by the so-called Radio Free Europe, Ranneck by the so-called Crusade for Freedom. They are laundred from the American occupied one of Western Germany towards Humany within the task of assembled from the American occupied one of Western Germany towards Humany with the task of assembled the manyling their food of lealiets over the territory of the Humanian People's the Called Strawe dissistance of the Called Strawer of the Called Strawer of the Called Strawer of Called Strawer of the Called Straw

Early refugee reports indicate that the signs. "NEM" and "12" are appearing in Hungary scrawled on factory walls, railway cars, regime election posters, and the doors of local government offices.

Wilson Center Digital ArchiveOriginal Scan OF FREEDOM



Workers filling balloons with prescribed weight of

Delivery of printed materials to predetermined target areas behind the Iron Curtain requires scientific plotting of balloon flights on the prevailing winds blowing to the east. Technicians and working crews at the Free Europe Press launching sites remain on the alert to go into production when lavorable winds are reported from seven different wind observation sources.



Meteorologist plots balloon flights to

With accurate information on wind directions and speeds meteorologists compute the ratio of balloon on the "Westerly Winds of Freedom" these points the balloons release their paper (see diagram for different methods) and thousands of leaflets stream to earth, still following the course of the plotted winds. In a single launching period of ten hours more than two tons (4950 pounds) of paper, amounting to 1,188,000 leaflets, have been put into the air





Production line for rubber balloons. Exact amount of



Production line for large plastic balloons. Paperboard



Three types of balloons





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RADIO

I INFORMATION REPORTS

15 RFE Bureaus (103 Persons) flow into Munich at rate of 1,200 per month: Refugee interviews - Reports

from Travellers, Athletes, Letter-Writers, etc.



II. MONITORING of

35 Regime Radio Stations on regular basis, spotcheck of 12 more, Soviet & Satellite News Services

III. NEWS from Wire Services

- a) INS, Reuters, and monitored Soviet and Satellite news services
- b) News items and reaction from RFE Bureaus
- c) Daily roundup of news and comment by teletype from N-Y.



- d) Editorial comment
 - American & W-European
 Press
- e) Translations, reprints, clippings, etc.

IV. 550 NEWSPAPERS



and Magazines from behind the Iron Curtain, plus 650 Western Publications and



▼. 15,000 B00KS

from the Satellite countries, plus 10,000 from the West, with emphasis on economics and politics.

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FREE





Processed by Staff of 46 Evaluation Experts, Translators, etc.who assess reliability, Evaluation files contain 250,000 cards, with over 1,250,000 entries, thousands of clippings, newspapers, maps, etc.



Staff of 52 monitors over 200,000 words per day in 10 to 12 languages.



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PE - FLOW



From this source material plus independent research and onthe - spot coverage of special events RFE Munich's 115 editorwriters teamed with producers actors announcers composers musicians researchers freelance contributors create * 184 hours of original programs weekly. RFE-New York prepares an additional * 25 hours per week (15% of total programs) but all are broadcast from Munich. N-Y. Programs in form of scripts. tape recordings, or daily shortwave transmissions direct to Munich include American Press comment, "The American Scene". Special Events & Topics, Exiles

* Original Programs plus repeats total 426 i hours per week.

in America etc.









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CHART

Voice of Free Czechoslovakia

Voice of Free Poland

Voice of Free Hungary

Voice of Free Bulgaria

Voice of Free Rumania







II. Political Commentaries

I. Straight Newscasts 16% of total broadcast hours

623 minutes of news per day

430 newscasts per week



Broadcast

over

Transmitters

III. "Group" Programs Labor - Agricultural - Women's Youth - Calling the C.P - Economic

Germany and Portugal





IV. Feature Programs Cultural - Religious - Plays Political Satire - Music & Entertainment

